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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The ninth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans closed yesterday in Charleston; Louisville, Ky., was selected as the next place of meeting; a substitute for Gen. S. D. Lee's resolution concerning graves of Confederate dead was adopted. —— A Georgia farmer, Robert F. Davis, living near Atlanta, murdered in his home; Will Lucas, a negro, is suspected and bloodhounds are on his trail. —— British warships Intrepid and Pearl are expected at Tampa, Fla., May 20th, to participate in celebration of the anniversary of the Queen's birthday. —— Telegram from Eagle Pass, Tex., reports twenty-two persons killed and over a hundred wounded at the Hondo coal mines by a tornado. —— Admiral Dewey has been cabled permission to return home at once; he will come via the Suez canal; it is expected he will reach here about the 4th of July. —— Roswell P. Flower died in New York last night. —— A number of persons reported killed in a collision of passenger trains near Reading, Pa. ——N. Y. markets: Money on call steady at 3½@4 per cent., the last loan being at 3½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6¼c; flour neglected and nominally steady; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 82¾c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 41¼c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 31½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine easy at 43@43½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 11.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 70 degrees; 8 P. M., 70 degrees; maximum, 86 degrees; minimum, 67 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.66.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 9.8 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—For North Carolina: Showers Saturday; fresh southerly winds. Sunday fair.

Port Almanac--May 13.

Sun Rises	5.58	A. M.
Sun Sets	6.54	P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 56	M.
High Water at Southport	10. 48	P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	2 18	P. M.

That $800,000,000 iron and steel trust tops them all.

Gen. Fred Funston is a married man. He married the day before he left for Manila.

Patti, now Mrs. Cederstrom, has earned as much as $350,000 a year, but she doesn't work much now.

The wicked may flee when no man pursueth, but when the wicked flea pursueth then all the man can do is to scratch—gravel, light out as it were, and muchly quick.

A St. Louis woman has mounted her wheel to chase a husband who deserted her. He had better climb a tree or break for the Philippines, if he doesn't want that woman to run up on him.

If Mr. Atkinson were publishing his anti-expansion pamphlets for sale, he would be under obligations to the Postoffice Department for a tip top advertisement by holding them up in the mails.

Secretary Long told the Boston people that those stories about shooting Filipino prisoners and all that sort of thing, by our soldiers, are fabrications. If this be so then some of our letter-writing soldiers over there must be daisy liars.

Boss Hanna is one of the biggest stockholders in the American shipbuilding trust, but they will all the same incorporate a plank in the next Republican platform condemning trusts. That's what Hon. Chauncey M. Depew says, and very likely he knows what he is chatting about.

When President Seth Low, of Columbia College, thought of giving $1,000,000 to that institution, he and his wife concluded it would be a good thing to do, to remove temptation from their relatives whom they liked too well to have them quarrelling over a will.

Governor Bushnell, of Ohio, says when Hanna is getting the worst of it he takes refuge behind the administration and yells out that the administration is being assailed. Hanna finds the administration a handy thing to have around, and the administration finds Hanna ditto.

The Raleigh *Christian Advocate* claims Gen. Fred Funston as a native of North Carolina. It will have to settle that with Gov. Tyler, of Virginia, who claims him for Virginia and as a cousin, too. We expect we'll have to put Funston on the stand before this question as to where he first showed up is settled.

LOCAL DOTS.

— There are now nineteen prisoners confined in the county jail.

— The steamers *Frank Sessoms* and *A. P. Hurt* were down from their regular trips yesterday and cleared in the afternoon.

— There were a number of visitors at the Confederate Museum of the Cape Fear Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, yesterday, between 5 and 6:30 P. M. However, no relics were received.

— The "Champions of '99," Will Riley, Captain, and the "W. H. S.," Lewis Moore, Captain, played a game of base ball yesterday, in which the Champions of '99 were victorious by a score of 1 to 0.

— The steamer *Wilmington* will leave for Carolina Beach Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, instead of 2 o'clock, as erroneously printed in the STAR yesterday. Fare for the round trip thirty five cents.

— Messrs. Heide & Co. yesterday cleared the Norwegian barque *Argus*, Captain Nillson, with a cargo of 4,231 barrels tar and 1,458 barrels rosin, consigned by Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son, to parties in Liverpool.

— The Atlantic Coast Line has issued a circular announcing one fare for the round trip rate to Washton, D. C., on account of the Peace Jubilee. The tickets will be on sale May 21st, 22d and 23d, final limit May 27th.

— Conforming to the custom usually observed during the Summer, the real estate offices were closed for half holiday yesterday, it being impossible for them to take half holiday on Saturday on account of rent collections.

— Acting under the instructions of Capt. Furlong, the night police force has inaugurated a crusade against the practice of walking the streets at night by disreputable negro women. A sa result of the order nine arrests were made up to eleven o'clock last night.

— A. H. Vose, the white man arrested Thursday, charged with the larceny of a watch, and committed to jail to await a hearing before Justice McGowan yesterday, was dismissed, the prosecutrix having expressed the opinion that she was unable to make out the case against him.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mercer & Evans—Beware.
Samuel Bear, Sr.—Wanted.
King Grocery Co.—Family flour.
Jas. D. Nutt—Your doctor fights.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. C. N. Monroe, of Lumber Bridge, is in the city.

— Mr. W. H. Pope arrived here from Fayetteville last night.

— Mr. A. C. Nichols, of Smithfield, is in the city on business.

— Mr. H. E. Newberry, of Charleston, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. W. H. S. Burgwyn, of Henderson, is registered at The Orton.

— Bruce Williams, Esq., of Burgaw, spent yesterday in the city on legal business.

— Mr. Hoagland Davis, of Fayetteville, has accepted a position as operator in the Western Union Telegraph office.

— Mr. E. Sellers, of the firm of Hawes & Sellers, Atkinson, N. C., was among the wholesale purchasers who visited the city yesterday.

— Miss Worth, senior class insiructor in the Wilmington High School, left for High Point yesterday in response to a telegram announcing the critical illness of her mother.

— Miss Josie Strauss, a charming young lady of Columbus, Miss., will leave for her home to-day, much to the regret of her many friends and admirers. She has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Solomon.

— The Gainesville (Fla.) *Daily Sun*, in reporting the session of the Grand Lodge K. of P., at that place, says that Mr. W. W. Harriss, Jr., formerly of this city, now residing there, is on the Reception Committee and his office opposite the "Brown House" is designated as the "Bureau of Information."

Weekly Stock Report.

Following is the weekly statement of receipts of cotton and naval stores at the port of Wilmington posted at the Produce Exchange yesterday, together with those of a corresponding period last year:

1899—Cotton, 157 bales; spirits turpentine, 369 casks; rosin, 2,808 barrels; tar, 2,242 barrels; crude, 144 barrels.

1898—Cotton, 1,095 bales; spirits turpentine, 716 casks; rosin, 8,462 barrels; tar, 1,799 barrels; crude, 304 barrels.

The crop year receipts of cotton show a falling off of nearly thirty thousand bales thus far in the season from last year, while those of naval stores for the crop year are practically the same, with the exception of the receipts of rosin, which show a very substantial difference in favor of this year.

First Baptist Services

At the First Baptist church to morrow, the pastor, Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., being in attendance upon the Southern Baptist Convention at Louisville, the service at 11 o'clock will be conducted by Rev. Clarence B. Strouse. Rev. Dr. Flagg will preach at night.

THERE WERE FIFTY-THREE PROFESSIONS LAST NIGHT.

Interest in Special Meetings Still Increasing—Over One Hundred Requests for Prayer — Announcements.

There were fifty three professions of faith last night in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium as a result of the service conducted by Rev. Clarence B. Strouse, editor of the *Religious Review of Reviews*. The largest audience which has yet attended these services was that of last night and the results were the most gratifying, there having been probably a hundred or more requests for prayer in addition to the fifty-three professions.

The text selected by Rev. Mr. Strouse was Proverbs xxiii 13—"He that covereth his sins shall not prosper; but whoso confesseth and forsaketh them shall have mercy."

The announement was made at the conclusion of the service that the meetings will continue at least for the next three or four days. Rev. Mr. Strouse will preach at the First Baptist church at 11 o'clock to-morrow and in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium at night. He will preach a special sermon to men only in the auditorium Sunday afternoon. There will be the usual services this afternoon and to-night.

BACK TO WILMINGTON.

Mr. William J. Bellamy Will Enter Upon the Practice of Law Here.

Mr. Wm. J. Bellamy, son of Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy, of this city, who has for some time past held a responsible position with the American Tobacco Company in New York city, arrived here on the 5.50 P. M. train from the North yesterday, having resigned his position with the American Tobacco Co., for the purpose of preparing himself for and entering upon the practice of law, his chosen profession. Mr. Bellamy will prosecute his studies in the office of his uncle, Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, and expects to procure license for the practice of law when the Supreme Court convenes next September.

Mr. Bellamy is an especially clever and promising young man, and the STAR extends to him a right cordial welcome back to Wilmington, heartily wishing for him that high degree of success which he so well deserves.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—19 bales cotton, 21 casks spirits turpentine, 95 barrels rosin, 31 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & N. Railroad—5 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 36 barrels rosin, 11 barrels tar, 14 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—83 casks spirits turpentine, 56 barrels rosin, 10 barrels tar, 7 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—7 casks spirits turpentine, 112 barrels rosin, 12 barrels tar.

Total—Cotton, 24 bales; spirits turpentine, 64 casks; rosin, 2,988 barrels; tar, 63 barrels; crude turpentine, 23 barrels.

MRS. LOUISA BOURDESOULE CUTLAR.

Died at Her Home in This City Yesterday Morning.

Mrs. Louisa Bourdesoule Cutlar, relict of the late Dr. Fred Jones Cutlar, died at her home in this city, corner Second and Walnut streets, yesterday morning, aged ninety years and three months.

The announcement of her death will be received with regret by a host of her friends and friends of the bereaved family, to whom the sympathy of the community is extended.

The funeral will be from St. James' Episcopal church this morning, at 11 o'clock, and the interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

Death of a Prominent Young Lawyer.

A wide circle of friends and acquaintances of Mr. Michael Schenck, who occupies a position of trust and responsibility with the A. C. L., in its offices here, will tender to him their heartfelt sympathy in the loss of his brother, Mr. David Schenck, Jr. of Greensboro, whose deathoccurred in that city on Wednesday night from the effects of an operation performed for appendicitis. Mr. Schenck was a graduate of the University law school and was a young lawyer of very bright promise. His family is one of the most prominently connected in North Carolina, and while yet only a young man he was well and favorably known over the entire State. A young wife and five children survive him.

First Race of the Season.

The first bicycle race of the season was held yesterday afternoon between racers of the L. A. W. and C. C. C. Clubs. The L. A. W. team won. The racers were Robert Sellers (Captain), Jas. Price, Will. Litgen and Geo. Phillips for the C. C. C. Club, and Claude Fisher (Captain), Alf. Jewitt, Peter Fick and Junius Preempert for the L. A. W. Club. The race was from the first to the third mile posts on the shell road.

Dr. Kilgo Here.

Rev. Jno. C. Kilgo, D. D., president of Trinity College, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and spent the night the guest of Rev. A. P. Tyer. He is en-route to Shiloh Methodist Church in the Carver's Creek circuit, where he will conduct a dedication service to-morrow.

THE TRUCKERS WANT STRAWBERRY CANNERIES.

A Crying Necessity for Provision to Utilize the Vast Quantities of Surplus Berries.

Several prominent strawberry growers of this section, in conversation with a member of the STAR staff, declared yesterday that the most crying need just now in the way of new industries for Wilmington is one or more plants equipped for canning, preserving and utilizing in other ways the vast quantity of surplus strawberries which annually go to waste in the fields after the prices become so low that it no longer pays to ship them to Northern and Western cities.

Wilmington being, these gentlemen say, the centre of the great berry-raising district of Eastern Carolina, the berries for operating such manufactures could be bought at nominal prices and in vast quantities.

One well posted trucker said yesterday that he was confident that there would be no trouble in procuring 10,000 crates of berries delivered in this city within two days' notice. The reason assigned for this is that the prices which berries now command on the Northern market are too low for truckers to make profitable shipments. It is thought that not more than half the crop will be utilized this year. It is an absolute necessity for the berry-growers to see that before another season is upon them at least one or two industries of the kind in question are ready for operation.

Several of the most enterprising business men of Wilmington are very much interested in the proposed new enterprise. It is believed that several canneries, with capacities of a thousand or more crates per day, could be profitably operated.

Besides having this vast supply of berries right at their doors, such enterprises could also obtain tomattoes and other varieties of truck, etc., in any quantities desired.

THE MASONIC TEMPLE.

Arrangements for the Corner-Stone Ceremonies Will Soon be Perfected. Special Railroad Rates.

Many visitors will doubtless be attracted to the city on next Thursday by the Masonic corner-stone laying ceremonies for the handsome new temple now in course of construction. As previously announced, Col. Julian S. Carr will be the orator, and the officers of the Grand Lodge will be here, the guests of the Wilmington Masons. It is expected that the Grand Lodge will confer the third degree on Thursday night, this ceremony to be followed by an elegant and sumptuous supper.

The railroads have issued circulars announcing a special rate of about one and one-third fare for the round trip to Wilmington from all points in the State for the occasion.

A very satisfactory practice was held last night by the Second Regiment Band, preparatory for rendering the music for the exercises on Thursday afternoon.

Firemen's Library.

For some time the firemen of the different companies in the Wilmington Fire Department have been preparing for themselves, with assistance from their appreciative friends, a library for the use of the members of the department. They now have established at Hook and Ladder headquarters, a handsome case filled with standard books by many of the best authors. While the library is now complete within itself, it is by no means what the projectors of the movement intend to make it, and ere long they hope to have a library that will be a credit to the Wilmington Fire Department in years to come. The books have already been nicely labelled and numbered and are for the use of members at any time.

Mayor's Court.

Carl Williams, Will Pridgen and Henry Sellars were fined $10 each in the Mayor's Court yesterday morning for disorderly conduct in "Dry Pond" Thursday night. Josh McGuire, colored, for disorderly conduct, was fined a similar amount. James Judge, for being drunk and down on the streets, was fined $5 and required to pay the costs. Judgment in several other cases for fast driving was suspended upon payment of costs.

Berry Shipments Yesterday.

The Southern Express shipments of strawberries yesterday amounted to 4,300 crates on the W. & W. road and 350 on the A. & Y. No report could be obtained as to the number of C. F. T. cars shipped. There were, however, not less than fifty refrigerator car loads.

Many truckers claim that the prices have dropped too low now for it to be any longer profitable to ship berries North.

Will Be Here Wednesday.

According to previous announcement in the STAR, Mr. E. C. Holt, the principal stockholder in the new $250,000 cotton mill to be established in Wilmington, will be here Monday to look after matters of detail relative to the establishment of the plant. It is during this visit to the city that the organization of the company will be perfected by the election of officers.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

The Vance Monument—Competing Sculptors—Salaries of Capitol Employes. Magistrates Must Qualify.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 12.

The time for receiving bids for the Vance monument has been extended from June 1st to July 1st. This was done on account of delay in getting good pictures of Senator Vance, from which the sculptors could work. Three good photographs have finally been obtained, and three copies of each of them are furnished each of the twelve competing sculptors. They will be required to furnish models complete with their bids on July 1st. One of the sculptors is a woman.

It is a fact not generally known that the Legislature reduced the salary of the keeper of the capitol to a figure considerably below that received by some of his subordinates. The keeper formerly received $850. He now gets $600. The janitor of the capitol building gets $625, and the janitor of the Supreme Court building gets $667. Both of these employes are appointed by the keeper and subject to his orders.

It would be well for magistrates appointed by the last Legislature to remember that they must qualify by June 1, else their successors will be appointed by Gov. Russell. In many of the counties few of the new magistrates have as yet taken the oath.

AT FAYETTEVILLE.

Lumber Bridge Defeated Military Academy Team in a Game of Ball.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 12.—Lumber Bridge base ball team defeated the Military Academy team here this afternoon, on a score of six to four. The visitors enjoyed a very pleasant day with the school boys.

A CARD.

GARLAND, N. C., May 12.

The Morning Star—I see in to-day's STAR or correction of the "Berry Growers' Complaint" of Thursday and wish to say that my information was from reliable parties, who were mistaken, and I am glad to make this statement or correction, as I had no intention whatever of doing any one an injustice. J. H. NEWBURY.

An Impromptu Plunge.

The STAR's genial friend and neighbor "across the way," Mr. L. Tate Bowden, took a rather impromptu plunge into the river at Market street dock yesterday afternoon, and but for the prompt assistance of Mr. Henry Craig and others standing near, the consequences might have been serious. Mr. Bowden has a very fine watch dog, and as is usually his custom in the afternoon he went to the river to "project" with the animal, when in some way, standing near the edge of the wharf, he lost his footing and went overboard. Friends, who came to the rescue, however "fished him out," and with the exception of the loss of his watch, which was afterwards recovered by a negro drayman, he came out without sustaining damage.

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

The Seamen's Bethel: Regular religious services will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All welcome.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. every Sunday. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7.30 P. M. Wednesdays. Public invited to all these services.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11.00 A. M. and 8.00 P. M., conducted by Rev. James P. Smith, D. D., of Richmond, Va. Sunday School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursday at 8.00 P. M. Seats free.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8 P. M. All are invited to these services.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

The Advent Church, Sixth street, between Castle and Church. Preaching by the pastor, Elder E. Ficke, at 11 A. M. and 7.45 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M., followed by a meeting of the Temperance Loyal League. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights at 7.45.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. B. B. Culbreth, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 a. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. A. P. Tyer. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Epworth League prayer meeting each Sunday 7 p. m. Sunday School, J. H. Davis, supt., 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

DIED.

CUTLAR—At her residence in this city, corner Second and Walnut streets, on Friday morning, May 19th, 1899, Mrs. LOUISA BOURDESOULE DUBRUTZ, relict of the late Dr. Fred. Jones Cutlar, aged 90 years and 3 months.

Funeral from St. James' Church at 11 o'clock A. M., Saturday, May 13th. Interment in Oakdale.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Your Doctor Fights

Disease with medicine. If the medicine is not right he cannot conquer disease. If the druggist does his duty the medicine will be right, and your doctor will stand a fair chance of winning the victory.

You can help your doctor by having your prescriptions filled here.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
my 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WANTED.
500 pounds Wool.
500 pounds Beeswax.
HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID.
Have some rare bargains in Fire Proof Safes.
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street,
my 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

"They fit the feet as nature intended."

Beware OF Imitations OF "JENNESS MILLER" Hygienic Shoes!

NONE others are as easy or perfect fitting or "just as good" in any respect!

They are constructed on scientific anatomical principles, and fit the feet as nature intended!

Best Shoes made for women.

$3.50 Pr.

We are sole agents for "Jenness Miller" Shoes for this city.

MERCER & EVANS.
115 Princess street.
my 13 3t sa tu th

AT JOHNSON'S

No. 111 Market Street,

WILL BE SHOWN THE COMING WEEK

New Styles In Dress Fabrics

Not seen in this city before.

OUR RECENT PURCHASES IN NEW YORK WILL ARRIVE AND WE

WILL BE PLEASED TO SHOW THEM.

The Price Will Be Right, Too.

apr 23 tf

At The Unlucky Corner
Springfield Hams
Cheaper than anywhere in the State
Why do you buy that doubtful
BUTTER
When you can get my Fox River Clover Hill brand for
25c?
"Nuff Said."
S. W. SANDERS.
BARGAINS! "THERE ARE OTHERS."
my 13 tf

J. W. Murchison & Co.

On May 1, 1899, Mr. W. E. PERDEW will be admitted to an interest in my Hardware business under the firm name of J. W. Murchison & Co. Mr. Perdew by strict attention to business and his thorough reliability needs no introduction to the trade.

The new firm guarantees the same prompt and reliable service which has been rendered by me.

ap 30 tf J. W. MURCHISON.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.

SPRING CLEANING—My guarantee that your Hair and Moss is PICKED, not simply shook up and put back, and that YOUR Hair and Moss is not "kept" and worthless stuff substituted is something for you to consider BEFORE giving your work to Tom, Dick and Harry.

In addition to regular business hours open Mondays and Thursdays till 8.30 P. M.
my 2 tf

Subscribe Now

To Second Series of Co-operative Building and Loan Association. Opens Saturday, May 13, 1899, at the office of Secretary and Treasurer.
W. A. JOHNSON, President.
WM. E. WORTH, Vice President.
THOS. H. WRIGHT, Sec'y and Treas.
my 11 3t 114 Princess street.

THE FAMILY FLOUR BARREL

is the source of much culinary enjoyment in white and delicious breads, rolls, cakes, pastry, biscuits, etc., if it contains our high grade Fancy Patent Flour. We guarantee this Flour to please the most fastidious. When we say guarantee, we mean that your money will be refunded if you are not perfectly satisfied with the results obtained. $4.75 is the price per barrel.

The season for Buckwheat and Cereals will soon be gone. Rather than ship back our surplus stock of Hecker's goods, we will sell the following at list prices to dealers; that is, at cost. Note the prices: 4½ lb. packages of Hecker's Buckwheat, 18½c; 8 lb packages of Hecker's Buckwheat, 19½c; Old Homestead Flapjack Flour, 8c per package; Hecker's Pearl Flakes, 8c per package.

THE KING GROCERY CO.
B. F. KING, MANAGER.
'Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge.
my 13 tf

Tobacco Flues.
We are prepared to furnish
TOBACCO FLUES on Shortest Notice,
ANY SIZE.
OUR DOUBLE SEAMED **Flues** Are the best on the market
Save Fuel and lessen the danger of fire.
WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.
OWEN F. LOVE & CO.
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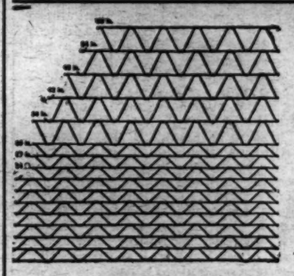

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IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.
It is strong enough to be used without base boards
Made of heavy Galvanized Steel Wire.
WRITE US FOR PRICES.
WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
ja 15 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Ask for Tivoli Hofbrau,
the finest of
Export Beers.
SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES.
ROBERT PORTNER BREWING COMPANY,
OTTO BANCK, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
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50c Figured China & India Silks Reduced to 39c

35c Wash China Silks reduced to	25c
12½c Satine reduced to	7c
36-inch Percales reduced to	7c
25c Figured Etamines (Black) reduced to	15c
All-Wool Dress Goods reduced to	19c
$4.00 Silk Shirt Waists (Taffeta) all shades, for	$2.48
50c, beautiful quality, Mousseline De' Soie, for	39c
36-inch All-Wool Serge (Black) for	25c

The prettiest assortment of Belts in the city from 5c to 48c

Call and examine our Gents' Furnishing Department.

Suits made to order from $12.50 and upward.
Write for samples. Express paid on merchandise amounting to 5.00 or over.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
DEPARTMENT STORE, 617 and 619 North Fourth street.
my 9 tf

I HAVE PURCHASED THE ENTIRE
Boot and Shoe Stock
OF MR. H. VONGLAHN AT A BARGAIN, AND ON SATURDAY MORNING, THE 6TH INST., I shall place before the public such a Bargain as has never before been offered it, in this town.
IF YOU COME TO 109 MARKET STREET SATURDAY MORNING, (VonGlahn's old stand).
The goods and the prices at which we are going to sell them, will prove the honesty of this statement.
In this stock there are some of the FINEST AND COSTLIEST SHOES ever handled on this market.
Over 500 pairs of Ladies' Shoes,
which heretofore retailed from $2.00 to $3.50 per pair, will be sold for..... **$1.00 per pair.**
Between 1,000 and 1,200 pairs of Ladies' and Children's Slippers of all styles and colors, up-to-date goods, which will be sold from 15c to $1.50. They have been selling from 50c to $2.00. Calf Skin Boots, former price $2.00, will sell for $1.00. Rubber Boots, former price $2.00, will sell for $1.00. Hip Rubber Boots, former price $4.25, will sell for $2.75. Children's and Ladies' Rubber Sandals and Shoes from 10c up.
This community knows of VonGlahn's old stand; they also know of the quality of the goods he always carried, but they have
Never known Shoes to sell at such prices as we are going to sell these.
GEO. O. GAYLORD, Proprietor.
my 5 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 13.

AFRAID OF THE TRUSTS.

Yesterday we published an editorial from the New York *Tribune* on "the hoisting of prices" by the trusts, which coming from one of the leading Republican papers of the country and one of the strongest advocates and defenders of protection, is significant. In addition to being significant it is an admission that the protective tariff is a fosterer of trusts, for it says that some of the trusts recently formed have been favored by that protection. To be consistent, then, if that editorial was honest the paper which published it must henceforth favor such a modification of the protective feature of the tariff as to give less if any encouragement to trusts.

If utterances such as those which we quoted from the *Tribune* were confined to that paper or appeared in but few Republican papers so much importance might not attach to it, but even more vigorous articles, some of them quite denunciatory, have appeared in other Republican organs and among them some of the ablest in the country. They are outspoken in the demand for the repeal or modification of those features of the present tariff as give encouragement to the organization of trusts by keeping out foreign competition.

Not only the Republican organs have become alarmed at the progress of trust organizations, but the commercial and financial papers are raising a warning voice against them, which is quite as significant as the criticisms of the party papers, for these represent the cool-headed, conservative element of the population which does little talking but very effective voting when the time comes. Some of the New York papers have recently published lists of trusts formed within the past year which represent an aggregate capital of over $6,000,000,000 and yet the work of organization goes on without apparent diminution, two of the latest being a copper trust, with a capitalized stock of $200,000,000, and an iron and steel trust, with a capital stock of $800,C00,000. The scope of both of these is to embrace all the copper mines and plants and iron mines and iron and steel plants in the country, giving each an absolute monopoly of the copper and iron and steel trade.

Of course the protection given by the Dingley tariff favors both of these trusts for copper, iron and steel are all protected by the practically prohibitory tariff. The result, as might have been anticipated of these trusts, is that the price of copper and of iron and steel manufactures have advanced under trust manipulation, on copper about 42 per cent. and on iron and steel from 45 to 100 per cent. on some articles.

The *Tribune* sees a day of reckoning coming and raises its warning voice:

"There is coming a time when such advances in price will publicly discussed as evidence that the national policy has placed consumers at the mercy of all sense of regard for the public welfare. That is a charge which will surely be made, and will have some weight, however unfair in its application it may be, and the people who are hastening to screw all they can out of the country's business at this time, when much depends upon maintaining its foreign trade, are not acting as friends of American industries. In fact, they are the worst enemies those industries can have, and it is poor consolation that they are likely to prove their own worst enemies."

The trusts, as the *Tribune* sees it, are, in their greed, killing the goose that lays the golden egg, and must ere long pay the penalty of their folly. They are not only working against themselves, but they are furnishing arguments, illustrated, for the destruction of the tariff system under which the trust system grew up and robbed the people. It will not be an easy matter to convince the people that this system is a good one, while they see the articles which they consume advanced in price higher than have been for some years, while at the same time those same articles are shipped to other countries and sold at from thirty to fifty per cent. less and yet yield a profit to the manufacturers large enough to induce them to use extra diligence in extending their trade into other countries. Every contract made now by our manufacturers who compete with the manufacturers of other countries is an argument against the trusts and against the protective tariff which encourages them, and hardly a day passes now that annoucement is not made of some such contracts some of which are of very large proportions aggregating millions of dollars. One of these recently concluded calls for 70,000 tons of steel rails to be delivered in India, while about the same time American railmakers underbid all the Eurepean rail makers for 40,000 of rails for Cecil Rhodes' road in South Africa. They did not get the contract for Cecil Rhodes and his directors concluded to give it to an English firm, out of policy, although its bid was much higher than the American bids. American steel rail makers have protection of $7 a ton on rails while they are shipping rails all over the world at figures that their European rivals cannot touch.

How will Republican organs and stumpers explain that when they are called upon to do it? American steel rail makers are not making rails for export for fun, nor for the gratification of getting ahead of and exulting over their European competitors.

The Washington *Post* is a nonpartisan paper, which believes in the doctrine of protection, but it sees the danger, too, and in commenting upon the *Tribune* article adds its warning thus:

"All of that is true, and coming from such a source it may have some effect on the greed of tariff-protected combinations. The *Post* took occasion some months ago to warn these people against a day of reckoning. While it is true that litigation as a remedy for trust extortions belong chiefly to State courts, it is a well known fact that national legislation shelters some of the worst of them. The *Tribune* recognizes this as clearly as the *Post* has done. And if the combinations will not halt in their "hoisting of price," if they push on until they cripple our growing export trade by inordinately increasing the cost of production, we shall confidently expect the *Tribune* and every other consistent advocate of protection to urge on Congress the imperative necessity of pulling down such parts of the tariff wall as furnish shelter for monopolistic trusts."

If the result of the trusts be to abolish this plundering protective feature of the tariff they will not have existed without some compensating benefit.

A CHANCE FOR ANOTHER HOWL.

When Gen. Miles made his complaints about the beef furnished the soldiers, and incidentally made some remark about "embalmed" beef, a howl was raised and it was alleged he was ruining our beef-packing industry by these groundless and slanderous charges. Eagan denounced him as all sorts of a liar, in consideration of which he (Eagan) was given a five or six years leave of absence with full pay. Two so-called courts have sat upon these charges, and both practically reported that there was nothing in them, the latter emphasizing its findings by taking a whack at Miles for neglect of duty in not having made his charges sooner.

We can very easily understand why the beef men should have howled over the statements of Miles, and why Secretary Alger should desire to shield Eagan, because what Gen. Miles said exposed beef-packing methods that the beef-packers didn't want the people of this and other countries who ate their beef to know anything about, and because his exposures were a serious arraignment of culpable inefficiency or negligence, to say the least, in the War Department.

But if they howled then they have even more cause to howl now, for the testimony of the chemical experts who have appeared before the Senatorial Pure Food Commission corroborates every charge made by Gen. Miles, although this commission has no connection whatever with his case. It does more, for it shows that chemicals for the preservation of meats and other foods are in general use, some of them of a very poisonous character, and that at least 90 per cent. of the food sold to the American people and to other people is doctored more or less with adulterants, many of which are injurious to health and some of them dangerous.

It is unfortunate for those beef men and for others that this commission is taking evidence, and such evidence, right on the heels of the report made by that beef court, for it not only vindicates Miles, but will do our foreign trade in food stuffs much more harm than anything he said could possibly have done, for what he said applied only to beef and to the army, but this evidence shows that beef sent to the army was not an exception as to the use of preservatives. It is unfortunate for them, but it is fortunate for the country, for with these exposures possibly there may be some legislation to protect the people from injurious food.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A BOSTON "WHAT IS IT?"

We are not personally acquainted with the Boston *Record*, which got off the following, which we found in the Atlanta *Journal*:

"Some time ago we urged that Aguinaldo (when captured) be boiled and his bones, after the English fashion, be distributed among his captors. Now, we have another case demanding immediate attention. Better, we have the miscreant where we can lay our hands on him. We refer to Benedict Arnold Atkinson. A night's meditation on the subject satisfies us that he should be burned at the stake. We do not think his body should be mutilated before death, according to Georgia fashion, for he is a Caucasian. Let it be done July 4th on Boston common, with Alger sitting on a throne in high state, and let B. A. A.'s cries and perhaps treasonable last [illegible] be drowned by the reading of t[illegible]tion of independence by a ch[illegible]erialists. That would be a fitting lesson to all treasonably disposed, and show that we have advanced in our punishment for treason since the days of Jeff Davis."

Our Atlanta contemporary takes this seriously and permits itself to become indignant at it, but what puzzles us is that we do not know whether to join in the indignation or to laugh, because we are in a quandary whether to take it as a Boston joke or an illustration of Boston savagery. If a joke then the galoot who invented it should have so labelled it to relieve us of our doubts, but if a specimen of savagery then it is an illustration of base ingratitude to a man who has spent a considerable portion of the past twelve years experimenting with a cooking machine and teaching the people of Boston how to cook, save subsistence expenses and doctors bills.

THE EARTH'S POPULATION.

An effort is now being made to have a census taken of the population of the earth, that we may have something approximating definite information on that. This is not an easy thing to do for much of the earth is as yet but little known, and much of it that is known under such government as to make the collection of statistics of any kind a difficult matter, and therefore if this universal census be taken the most it can do is to approximate the figures, and make them less a matter of mere speculation than they now are.

Estimates of the population now range between 1,500,000,000 and 1,700,0000,000, subdivided as follows: The British Empire, including its posessions in Africa, 450,000,000; China comes next and Russia third.

Religiously they are divided into Christians, 448,000,000; non-Christians, 1,004,000,000; and denominationally into Protestants, 137,000,000; Roman Catholics, 226,000,000; Greek, Armenian, and Abyssinian Churches, 95,000,000. The non-Christians are divided into Buddihists and Brahmins, 672,000,000; Mohammedans, 200,000,000; Jews, 7,000,000 and other creeds 125,000,000.

TWINKLINGS.

— Angry Mother—Now, Bobby, don't let me speak to you again. Bobby (helplessly)—How can I prevent you, mamma?—*Life.*

— He—"Then I go—and forever." She (with remarkable composure)—"Very well! But don't call to-morrow evening, for I shan't be in."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Irate Father—"I wonder what makes my razor so dull?" Angelchild—"Dull, papa? Why, it was beautiful and sharp when I made my boat with it yesterday.

— Rich Uncle—Are you always so quiet, Willie? Willie—No; but ma said she'd give me a quarter if I behaved and didn't say anything about your bald head.—*Judge.*

— The Doctor—"Let the little fellow yell all he wants to. Crying causes a baby's lungs to expand." The Father—"Then, by gum, I'm an anti-expansionist."—*Chicago News.*

— "I'll make a fortune out of my new music box. You put a penny in the slot and—" "And the thing plays a popular air?" "No. It stops playing one."—*San Francisco Examiner.*

— Crags—Did you tell Simpers you thought I was a man without any balance? Butts—Well, I naturally inferred that if you had a balance you would draw on it for the amount you owe me.

— Mother—"Did you meet many strangers at the reception?" Daughter—"Only one, a sea captain, and he made me very tired." Mother—"Did he talk shop?" Daughter—"No; he talked ship."—*New York Weekly.*

— "Why did you tell those men who were sent up to clean up your office that you were always busiest from 3 to 6 in the afternoons?" "So they wouldn't come around bothering me in the early part of the day."—*Chicago News.*

— Teacher—"No, Nellie, I am sure your mother would not want you to say such things." Nellie—"But you don't know my mother as well as I do. You never saw her except in company."—*Boston Transcript.*

LET ME SAY I have used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and can thoroughly recommend it for what it claims. Very truly, (Rev.) H. W. Hathaway, Elizabeth, N. J.

I TRIED Ely's Cream Balm, and to all appearances am cured of catarrh. The terrible headaches from which I long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Dunn *Union*: We hear some of the farmers say that flea-bugs are eating the young tobacco plants that have been planted out. A good deal of tobacco has been planted this week and last.

— Chatham *Record*: Mr. John W. Goldston, of Oakland township, bought eight young Jersey cattle about three weeks ago, and turned them into a pasture on Deep river, and in a few days five of them died. It is supposed that they at some poisonous weeds.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: Dr. John W. Bennett died at his home in this place at 3:30 o'clock last Saturday morning, the 6th inst. Dr. Bennett had been in failing health for some years, he having given up the practice of medicine some five years ago on this account.

— Red Springs *Record*: B. W. Townsend's safe at Pembroke was robbed last Sunday evening, but the thief took nothing but a gold watch. The business papers were scattered about and the safe somewhat damaged, but there was no money in it then. No clue to the one who did it.

— Maxton *Scottish Chief*: Mr. James Stuart, an aged and highly respected citizen of John's Station, died Sunday morning. Had he lived until next October he would have reached his 85th mile post. —— We hear that a severe rain and rain storm struck the Lumber Bridge section Monday night. The Presbyterian church at that place, just completed, was blown down and several out houses in the neighborhood destroyed.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mrs. Lottie Bishop, wife of Mr. Jack Bishop, died at the home of her brother-in-law, Mr. Joseph Bishop, of Monroe, on May 9th, 1899, after lingering between life and death for a long while with consumption. Deceased was twenty one years old. She was a daughter of the late A. L. Osborne and is the sixth of her family to dis within a little over two years.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: The new one thousand horsepower engine for the Empire Steel and Iron furnace has arrived and it is a monster. As stated some time ago it will be placed beside the engine now used and together the mighty machinery will furnish nineteen hundred horse power. New boilers will also be put in soon. The furnace is now making number 1 and number 9 foundry iron, the former the finest grade of pig iron manufactured. Four blasts were made yesterday and Manager Noble expects to make that number daily from now on. The new furnace will be constructed and put into blast in about four months.

— Monroe *Journal*: Miss Mary Pate died at the home of her brother, Mr. Jas. A. Pate, in Monroe, last Monday, after an illness of about one year, six months of which she was helpless. —— This a snake story right, but unlike most snake stories, this is true one, for a reputable man, Mr. A. M. Hargett, of Faulk vicinity, vouches for it. Mr. Hargett's son was ploughing a few days ago and upturned a small green snake, which to his utter surprise, had two heads, one on each end. The head at the tail end of his snakeship was a little bit smaller than the other one, but just as perfect, with eyes, mouth and all. And what's more, both heads were "licking out" tongues.

— Newbern *Journal*: Prof. W. F. Massey of the N. C. Experiment Station, arrived here last night, and in company with Mr. W. C. Willett, at once went out to the Oaks, to look into the matter of what kind of an insect was working destruction in the pea crop in this vicinity. With his microscope, Prof. Massey made an examination of some of the insects, and pronounced them Alphis Rosae an insect as its name indicates, a rose louse, which it seems transferred its work from the rose to the peavine. Prof. Massey said that the wet weather gave great impetus to the propagation and increase of this insect, and that a few dry, hot days would destroy the insect to a great extent, but that at this stage of the pea crop where the insect had full sway it would be hard to utterly kill the Alphis Rosae, but that the cure was in the crop planting next year.

Value of a Comma.

A Prussian school inspector appeared at the office of the burgomaster of a little town to ask him to accompany him on a tour of inspection through the schools.

The burgomaster was out of sorts, and was heard to mutter to himself:

"What is this donkey here again for?"

The inspector said nothing, but waited his time, and with the unwilling burgomaster set out on his tour.

At the first school he announced his wish to see how well punctuation was taught.

"Oh, never mind that," grumbled the burgomaster. "We don't care for commas and such trifles."

But the inspector sent a boy to the blackboard and ordered him to write:

"The burgomaster of R. says, the inspector is a donkey."

Then he ordered him to transpose the comma, placing it after R., and to insert another one after inspector, and the boy wrote:

"The burgomaster of R., says the inspector, is a donkey."

It is probable that the refractory official gained a new idea of the value of "commas and such trifles."—London Tit-Bits.

Men's Dress In London.

In London the female make up has no significance whatever. All kinds of men ranking anywhere above "lower class," however, have their frock coats and tall hats. A tailor made frock coat is not a luxury in London.

Take it in the United States, and a man wishes to attire himself in the extreme of what the British call "afternoon wear," must be willing to spend money. Compare the prices of a Sunday outfit:

	England.	U. S.
Frock coat and waistcoat	$15 00	$50 00
Trousers	4 00	10 00
Silk hat	4 00	6 00
Gloves	1 00	1 75
Stick	50	1 00
Totals	$24 50	$68 75

You can buy a bunch of violets on a London street corner for 4 cents. It costs sixpence to have a silk hat ironed. When it comes to the mere making of a personal front on a small income, no other city can offer such advantages as London.—Chicago Record.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Onslow, at Swansboro, May 13-14.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Haw Branch, May 16.
Kenansville Circuit, at Charity, May 20-21.
Scott's Hill, at Prospect, May 27.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, 11 A. M., June 4.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, June 4.
Magnolia, Providence, June 10-11.
Burgaw, Herring's Chapel, June 17-18.
Southport, (District Conference), June 21-25.
Brunswick, Shallotte, July 8-9
Waccamaw, Zion, July 15-16.
Whiteville, Fair Bluff, July 16.

E. F. BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The beef controversy is ended—all except the voting. The people of the United States will consider the matter in committee of the whole later on.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— The President will doubtless do all he can to aid Alger in his quest of a Senatorship from Michigan, as the only way to rid himself of the burden of Alger as Secretary of War. If McMillan, who stands in the way, cannot be put down, perhaps he can be lifted up.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— Apropos of the Grant-Cantacuzene engagement, an exchange says that princes are as common in Russia as are colonels in Kentucy. This is a mean misrepresentation. The truth is that princes are as common in Russia as colonels are numerous in Kentucky. There are no common Kentucky colonels.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— Whatever else may be said of Mr. McKinley's policies and procedures, they are certainly winning the admiration and unqualified support of every man who believes that government means rule and not merely administration, and that freedom of discussion must be supervised by "wise and benevolent rulos" lest the "ignorant masses" be persuaded to do themselves harm.—*N. Y. World: Dem.*

GAIL HAMILTON.

Some Interesting Anecdotes of Her Rare Conversational Gifts.

It is seldom that a woman is found who combines intellect, charm of manner and womanly fascination, but Miss Dodge (Gail Hamilton) seems to have been thus universally gifted. On one occasion, while she was spending the winter in Washington with Mrs. Blaine, a striking instance of this was shown.

Among the season's visitors to the capital was a western clergyman of more culture, reading and thought than knowledge of the world. He desired to make the most of his first holiday and first sight of the great city. He wanted to see all there was to be seen, to hear all there was to be heard, but most of all did he desire to meet and have a word with Gail Hamilton; indeed, he confided to a friend that he would consider such a privilege well worth his journey to the east, did that journey bring him nothing else. It took him several days to summon up his courage, but at last he boldly presented himself at the Blaines' door and asked for Miss "Hamilton." About three hours later the friend met him descending the steps of the house, one broad smile of delight and satisfaction.

"Ah," exclaimed the confidant, "I congratulate you. So you have met your dear Gail Hamilton. I can see it in your face."

That face fell, grew remorseful.

"N-no," he stammered, "I didn't meet her; she didn't come down, and, the fact is, I forgot to ask for her."

"Forgot to ask for her!"

"Oh, I sent up my card, of course, but a lady came down, a Miss Dodge, and, my dear fellow, you never saw such a woman in your life. I suppose that Miss Hamilton must have been out. She didn't mention her, but she began to talk to me, and in two minutes I forgot what I had gone for. I never could have believed that any person, man or woman, could know so much. I believe we talked on every subject in the world, and she knew everything about every one of the subjects. I was never so surprised as when a lot of people came in and I found how long I had been there, and I didn't want to come away one bit then, I can tell you, and, till you spoke, I'd forgotten all about Miss Hamilton. I don't believe she can touch Miss Dodge anyhow."

His astonishment and delight when he found that he had entertained—or been entertained by—his angel unawares were very pleasant to see.

In telling the story the narrator added: "I don't know what it is about Miss Dodge. I can never tell how she does it. I heard her tell the funniest story I ever heard in my life, about a drive she took in the country, when her horse had on a harness that practically fell to pieces. There was a room full of people, and every one laughed himself sore over it, and yet when I came to think it over there was really nothing to it, nothing to tell—it was a thing that might have happened to any one and not have borne talking about. Yet she had entertained 20 people for half an evening with it. Only last week a lady who was there asked me if I remembered that excruciatingly funny story that Miss Dodge told about the harness, and at this late date we laughed over it until the tears were in our eyes."—New York Tribune.

The Italian Baby.

No infant receives a warmer welcome to the world or is more happily born than the Italian baby. No infant is the object of more caresses or is more fondly admired. Indeed, no matter how poor the mother and father may be, no matter how large the family, they have very merry times when another son or daughter comes to them. The neighbors are invited in, a feast is prepared, a gallon or two of cheap wine is procured, and the merriment sometimes lasts several days.

The Italian considers there are only three great events in the life of man—namely, his birth, marriage and death. These three events never pass without a gorgeous and elaborate celebration. In this simple way they strive to carry out the tender life lesson, "When you were born, you wept while those around you smiled. So live that when you die you alone may smile and those around you weep." And so they laugh and drink wine and sing, for they believe it will have an effect upon the life of the quivering form soon to take its place among them.—New York Times.

Played It on the Judge.

That eccentric but kind hearted judge, Sir James Allan Parke, acquired, among other inconvenient habits, a trick of thinking aloud. One day when trying an old woman for stealing faggots he unconsciously ejaculated, "Why, one faggot is as like another faggot as one egg is like another egg." The counsel defending the prisoner caught the aside and naturally made a strong point of it in his defense. "Stop, stop!" cried the judge. "It is an intervention of Providence. This was the very thought that passed through my own mind. Gentlemen, acquit the prisoner."—Pearson's Weekly.

When Hannibal's army descended from the Alps into the valley of Lombardy, the whole force was well nigh routed by a plague of mosquitoes, which drove men and animals almost wild with pain.

Just a Little of the Gravy.

An ex-Confederate soldier of South Carolina tells this story to a writer in the Detroit Journal: "I had a friend who was a chaplain in our army—a good man, as such men should be. Several of his own church members were in the same regiment. He kept a sharp eye on us, and tried to train us in the way we should go. And, when we were rather short for rations, some of the boys brought in a fine young porker. 'Now, boys, that's wrong,' said he. 'It is simply stealing. You ought not to do it.'

"'Well, our consciences don't trouble us, and yours won't trouble you when we get this meat cooked. You will want some of it too.'

"'No, I won't eat it. I'd as soon eat stolen meat.'

"But we divided it up among the boys and proceeded to cook a ham in the best possible style. The smell of it fairly made our teeth water, and when it was cooked we were more than ready for it.

"'There's a fine piece. Cut that off for the chaplain,' said one.

"'No, I thank you,' said he. 'I said I wouldn't eat it, and I won't, but'—passing up his plate—'I'll take a little of the gravy.'"

As Bad as This?

"Who shall persuade coming ages," asks a writer in the Chicago Times-Herald, "that the busiest city in the world harbors women who pursue whist as the chief duty of life; who screw up their household finances to the tightest possible point in order to pay an expert $3 an hour for instruction in its sacred code; who meet over card tables at 9 o'clock in the morning, hurry up their marketing and hush up their children in order to attend whist luncheons at 1, come home again with vexed and wearied brains to sit silent at dinner, absorbed in regrets for leads unreturned and signals unanswered, and wind up the unregenerate day by lingering over a whist table until midnight?"

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute		6
Standard		7
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	12	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	5½	6½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	5¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔	5	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1	10
New New York, each	1	30
New City, each	1	35
BRESWAX ℔ ℔		22
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	7 00
Northern	9 00	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	12½	15
Northern	20	23
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	51	55
Virginia Meal	52	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	75	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18	25
Adamantine	8	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10½	11½
Dairy Cream		11
State		10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	12	16
Rio	7½	10
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		70
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	11
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	2 50	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	10
Extra	4 25	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade		3 50
Choice		3 75
Straight	4 00	4 25
First Patent	4 50	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		50
Oats, from store	40	50
Oats, Rust Proof		45
Cow Peas	60	65
Black Eye Peas	1 00	1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green salted		6½
Dry flint		10
Dry salt		9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s		
Clover Hay	60	80
Rice Straw	40	45
Eastern		75
Western		75
North River		75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	1¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	5	7
North Carolina	6	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	30 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	15 00
Common mill	5 00	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead		25
Barbadoes, in barrels		28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		27
Porto Rico, in barrels		28
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	25
NAILS ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess		11 00
Rump		10 50
Prime		10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	16	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		1 10
Liverpool	75	80
American	70	75
On 120 ℔ Sacks		67½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	6 00
Common	1 50	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		5½
Standard A	5	5¼
White Extra C	5	5¼
Extra C, Golden		5
C, Yellow		4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		9 00
Mill, Palme		7 00
Mill, Fair		6 50
Common Mill	4 50	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	8 50
" Sap	5 00	6 50
5x24 Heart	4 50	5 00
" Sap	4 00	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	6 50
" Sap	5 00	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	2 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	10	15

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., May 13, 1899.

SCHOONERS.

B I Hazard, 373 tons, Blatchford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Lavinia M Snow, 315 tons, Hinkley, J T Riley & Co.
Chas D Hall, 329 tons, Falkenburg, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Venetia (Br) 2,338 tons, MacDougal', Heide & Co.

BARQUES.

Victor (Nor) 614 tons, Ostvik, Heide & Co.
Norden (Swed). 443 tons, Hamberg, Heide & Co.

BARGE.

Carrie L Tyler, Jones, 538 tons, Navassa Guano Co.

LIGHTENS LABOR

Cobwebs about a house are usually the sign that the housewife has more than she can do, the way she goes about it; that all her time and strength are utilized in doing heavy work; that she uses soap in her cleaning. If she would only use

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

heavy work would be so lightened that the little things needn't be neglected. Gold Dust gives a woman time to rest, time to visit, time to read, and time to sew. It is much better and cheaper than soap for all cleaning. For greatest economy buy our large package.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY
CHICAGO ST. LOUIS NEW YORK BOSTON

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at 37¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 37 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl for strained and $1.00 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.25 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2.40 for Dip and $2.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27½@27c; rosin dull at 95c@$1.00; tar firm, $1.10; crude turpentine firm at $1.25, $1.80 @1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	64
Rosin	298
Tar	63
Crude Turpentine	23

Receipts same day last year.—108 casks spirits turpentine, 135 bbls rosin, 169 bbls tar, 29 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 5⅞ cts per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16 cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4 13-16 " "
Low Middling	5 7-16 " "
Middling	5¾ " "
Good Middling	6 3-16 " "

Same day last year middling 6c.

Receipts—24 bales; same day last year, 358.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Extra prime, 75 to 80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80 to 85c. Virginia—Extra prime, 55 to 60c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 82½ to 85c.

CORN—Firm; 50 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Money on call was steady at 3½@4 per cent., the last loan being at 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486¾@487 for demand and 484¼@485 for sixty days. Posted rates 485¼@486½ and 487½@488½. Commercial bills 484. Silver certificates 61@@62. Bar silver 60¾. Mexican dollars 48½. Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds firm. U. S. 2's, registered, 99½; U. S. 3's, registered, 108½; do. coupon, 108¾, U.S. new 4's, registered, 129¾; do. coupon, 129¾; U. S. old 4's, registered, 112½; do. coupon, 113¼; U.S. 5's, registered, 112½; do. coupon, 112½; N.C. 6's 122; do. 4's, 104; Southern Railway 5's 110¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 69½; Chesapeake & Ohio 25¾; Manhattan L 111¾; N. Y. Central 133; Reading 20¾; do. 1st preferred 56½; St. Paul 124; do. preferred 169; Southern Railway 12½; do. preferred 51

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

NOTICE.—The Horse and Mule season is never over with me. I've got 'em and lots of 'em. For sale or hire at prices to suit the times. One big pair of five-year old Mules, weight 2500 pounds. I also call your attention to a lot of one and two-horse Wagons, Cart Wheels, Axles and FOUR-WHEEL DRAYS. Something new; never offered here before.

Call and see me and I'll do business with you.

F. T. MILLS.

apr 26 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

T. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
S. N. HARKER, Secrets jan 1 tf

Removal.

J. E COWELL has removed his Barber Shop to Second street, between Market and Princess, corner Purcell alley. ma 10 tf

FAIRYLAND.

You need not travel to a star;
The way is easy and not far—
An hour's walk, a mile from town.
The herons of the old lagoon
Lead you along the path; for sign
Are arrowhead blossoms, frail and fine,
Beside the water; then the wood
Takes you, but only by the blood
Leaping, and by the sudden start
Of the overfull and thrilling heart.
You know you see it face to face.
The greenwood bowers a sunny space
For song sparrow tinkling, and below
July's green lap is full of snow,
Is drifted rich with white and pink,
Of nodding bet from brink to brink;
The haunted air resounds between
With humming birds, obscure and keen,
Like burnt out stars that dart and float
With but a last fire to the throat.
You saw but common summer flowers?
Heard but a hum that drowsed the hours?
Your blood leaped not nor shook your heart?
Ah, well, I know no other chart!
The path is for your feet as far
As that which lessens to a star.
—J. Russell Taylor in Century

In the Same Boat.

A student at Williamstown college had been married a short time previous to entering the college and was led to fear that this fact might debar him from enjoying some of the privileges of the institution. Accordingly, in a great state of perturbation, he called to see President Hopkins. After some conversation the young man at last managed to stammer, with a crimson face, apropos of something entirely irrelevant, "I—I am a married man!" "Ah," said President Hopkins, smiling at him with great benignity, "so am I." And there the student's trouble ended.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Sheathing a Ship.

Sheathing a ship is covering the bottom with a sheath of copper. In all seas, but particularly in those of the tropics, the hulls of ships are liable to the attack of certain worms which penetrate the hardest wood and have been known in the course of a few months to damage the hull so as to render the vessel worthless. Copper sheathing protects the ship not only against the attacks of these borers, but also against decay, and is specially valuable in the case of iron ships, the metal rapidly oxidizing and becoming brittle when exposed to the action of the sea water.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Suggestion of High Jinks.

Tommy—Mamma, why are papa's watches always bigger than mamma's watches?

His Mother—Oh, it seems that men can't get along without having great times.—Jewelers' Weekly.

SHE SAVED HER COLT.

A PLUCKY MARE'S DEADLY BATTLE WITH A PANTHER.

The Cunning, Daring and Lightning-like Attacks of the Tiger Cat Were No Match For the Iron Shod Heels of the Brave Horse.

In the little Aroostook camp where I worked the winter I was 16 years old there arrived an unusual kind of visitor. It was nothing less than a fine colt. The mother of this unlooked for visitor was a bay mare called Vixen. She had fine intelligence and great working qualities, but she was bad tempered to all but her master, who thought the world of her. Just now she was in a worse temper than usual, for she thought her foal ought to be in more civilized quarters than those of the camp stables.

The mare and her baby, however, were cared for with a solicitude that should have softened her heart. It was spring weather, warm in the sun at midday, and besides the roomy corner of the stable which had been fitted up for my lady's accommodation the men had built her a wide pen in the yard, on the south side of the stable wall, where she could sun her offspring at all convenient seasons.

One day, in the early afternoon, when the men had gone far off to their chopping, the cook and I found ourselves alone in camp. A week or so before this I had had the misfortune to sink my ax deep into my left foot. The cut was a bad one, and since the accident I had not been able to walk a step.

I was sitting on a log where the cook had placed me when some slight sound attracted my attention. Glancing toward the noise, my eye caught a glimpse of a lank, tawny creature stealthily creeping between the trees on the outer edge of the clearing. His belly dragged the snow, so low did he crouch. He had not seen me, and he took the utmost pains to escape observation. He was eying Vixen and her foal over the low fence of their pen and was deciding on the tactics best calculated to give him colt for supper.

He crept slowly round the clearing unobserved, as he thought, till he had the stable between himself and the pen; then he left his cover. But he had underrated Vixen's keenness. Her eye had been upon him from the first, and the moment he disappeared from her view she set up an excited whinny, which was intended to summon help from the camp.

The cook heard her call. Without waiting for more than a glimpse of the panther the cook started on the run for the chopping where the men were at work. I knew he had gone for his gun, the only one in camp, which Jean Batiste had taken with him after dinner.

Seeing no help come from the camp, Vixen took her colt to the middle of the pen and stood with it right under her nose, while she kept a ceaseless watch on all sides. The colt seemed to realize from its mother's alarm that there was danger astir and huddled itself apprehensively together.

Presently round the corner of the stable crept the panther, a tawny shadow, flat on the snow. The moment he saw through the openings of the fence that the eye of the mare was upon him he bounded to the top of the fence and made one bold spring for his prey, but the mare was no less lightning swift than himself. At the first glimpse of him she had whirled so that her heels were toward the enemy and had waited in a crouching attitude that one might have taken to indicate the extreme of terror. As the panther sprang her iron heels met him with a thud that forced out of him an involuntary snarling gasp, and he fell against the pen fence. In an instant he flashed over the fence and lay down in the snow to recover his breath.

Instead of making another direct attack the panther next rose to the fence, and thence sprang to the roof of the stable, where he crouched down and snarled fiercely.

The colt was still the object of his heart's desire. The moment he mounted to the roof Vixen had withdrawn to the farther edge of the pen, and now she stood hunched together with her head turned backward, so as to let no movement of her foe escape her eye.

From his superior height the panther fancied that he could escape her heels and reach the mare's back. As he sprang from his vantage ground the impetus of his attack was tremendous and almost irresistible. Vixen almost stood on her head, and her heels met him fair in the stomach, so that he shrieked under the blow, but the mere momentum of his leap overcame the resistance of Vixen's hoofs to the extent that he reached her back and bore the brave mare to the ground with his descending force. She nimbly recovered herself, however, and shook him off, and by this time the cook came running toward the pen with his gun cocked, expecting to see the panther at her throat. But no; there was little fight left in him. He looked very sick as he tried to crawl out of the pen, and the cook was on the point of finishing him with a charge of buckshot, but Vixen intervened.

Leaving her colt, she darted forward and tore his neck fiercely with her powerful teeth. The beast rolled over on his back, screaming madly, and as Vixen trampled him down with her front hoofs he doubled and sank his claws into her neck and shoulders.

There for a moment he snarled and clawed, while the brave mare's neck streamed with blood, and the cook sought a chance for a shot. But Vixen's plungings gave him no opportunity. It was plain to the cook that the mare would kill her adversary in a minute or two more, but he dreaded lest meanwhile she should be seriously injured.

With some misgiving as to the reception he might have from Vixen himself, though he was going to her assistance, he dropped his gun, drew his long knife and jumped into the pen. As an opportunity showed itself he drove the knife with all his force straight through the beast's backbone, dividing the spine, and the lank carcass straightened out on the snow.

The brave mare stood over her fallen adversary and whinnied triumphantly, and she made it plain to the cook that she appreciated his assistance. Then the cook got water in his dishpan and washed her wounds. The dressing of them he left for her master to see to on his return, but ever afterward Vixen was as gentle to the cook as toward her owner, though with the rest of mankind she would have naught to do.—Youth's Companion.

Beginning Early.

Magistrate—The assault you have committed on your poor young wife is a most brutal one. Do you know of any reason why I should not send you to prison?

Prisoner—If you do, your honor, it will break up our honeymoon.—London Tit-Bits.

A Famous Gypsy Dance.

The great dance which the gypsy minstrels are specially skilled in executing is what is called the csardas, which begins very slowly and indeed sentimentally, but by the cunning of the minstrels is worked up into a veritable bacchanalian orgy which almost defies description. A solemn promenade on the part of the various couples begins it. As the music accelerates its time the couples break into a sort of waltz. Then with the time still quickening they leave each other and dance independently, the woman facing the man. Now they approach each other coquettishly; then they retreat backward with feigned aversion. This continues for some time, till at last under the influence of the increasing whirl of the music they seize one another round the waist and burst into a veritable whirl of dizzy swiftness, which (and we are speaking without any exaggeration) the eye can scarcely follow for its celerity.

This is but one of the countless varieties of the csardas. Sometimes I have seen the couples dancing with their backs to each other and even whirling round and round in the same uncomfortable position. Sometimes I have witnessed three dancers forming a sort of complicated leash, whirling round and round with the same swiftness and ease which two people would usually exhibit.—Good Words.

Gold, For Instance.

Uncle (visiting his student nephew)—Glad to see you so hard at work, my boy. What are you doing there?

Nephew—Chemical experiments, uncle—combining acids with metal. By the way, do you happen to have any metal about you?—Meggendorfer Blatter.

THE DOCTOR.

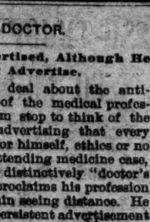
He Is Well Advertised, Although He Doesn't Advertise.

We hear a good deal about the anti-advertising ethics of the medical profession, but we seldom stop to think of the vast amount of advertising that every physician secures for himself, ethics or no ethics. His ever attending medicine case, if he walks, or his distinctively "doctor's rig," if he drives, proclaims his profession to all who are within seeing distance. He is a constant and persistent advertisement of himself. In whatever capacity he may live, move and have his being, he is permitted to prefix his advertising title to his name and be always and everywhere known as "Dr." On the street, at the club, in the lodgeroom, in society, he never sinks to the level of plain "Mr." He is never separated from his standing ad.

If the physician buys a house or is elected a director of a corporation, it is always as "Dr." Smith. If he is a deacon in the church, nobody ever thinks of saying "Deacon" Smith. He is "Dr." Smith even when he passes the bread and wine. To strangers he is always introduced by his title, and his friends and acquaintances "Dr." him from morning until night. It is "Good morning, doctor!" "Fine day, doctor!", "Good evening, doctor!" "Howd'y, doctor!" or just plain "Hello, doc!" day in and day out. Even his wife addresses him by his professional handle and in company never fails to refer to him as "the doctor."

Thus the physician gets for nothing a quantity of advertising that would cost any business man a small fortune. Even the newspaper, whose columns he does not deign to use in a business way, always mentions him as "Dr." Smith and gives him hundreds of dollars' worth of publicity without money and without price. It is as if he went through life wearing a big placard, "I am a physician." It is impossible for any one to know him, meet him or hear of him without learning of his profession.—Printers' Ink.

Nasal CATARRH



In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

98.

The above figures tell a remarkable story; they represent almost exactly the percentage of CURES made by

RHEUMACIDE,

the wonderful new constitutional cure for RHEUMATISM. The other two per cent. were not curable, or failed to take medicine according to directions. Thousands have been cured. In view of the fact that many physicians think that rheumatism is incurable, and that most remedies fail, it must be true that RHEUMACIDE is the greatest medical discovery of the age. Particulars and testimonials of many well known people sent free to all applicants.

Manufactured by THE BOBBITT DRUG CO., Raleigh, N. C.

Sold wholesale and retail in Wilmington by R. R. BELLAMY.

By Druggists generally at $1.00 per bottle.

apr 18 1y tu th sa

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds.

Seed Potatoes.

GENERAL STOCK GROCERIES.

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL

ap 9 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

With resources of over $1,000,000 we guarantee safety.

Our large facilities afford every accommodation.

Loans made daily give promptness.

A desire to please ensure courteous attention.

With these facts before you we ask for your business.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent.

apr 30 tf

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina R. R. P. Oats

tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.
Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

o 12 tf

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR AN

Investment.

LOCATION THE MOST ELIGIBLE IN THE TRUCK REGION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Entire Plant of the

INDUSTRIAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Wilmington, N. C.,

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING of three Brick Buildings, with all necessary adjuncts, One Hundred Horse-power Engine, Two Boilers, Shafting, Pulleys, Veneer Machinery and Butter-dish Dies, Basket and Crate Machinery and Shapes, Automatic Saw Mill, Rip Saws, Band-Saws and Cut-Off Saws. Also, a Brand new Planer, costing $900.

In fact, all necessary machinery for the successful manufacture of Sweet-gum Butter Dishes, Berry Baskets, Vegetable Crates, Barrels, and Packages of every kind. Modern Dry Kiln in connection. Also, a Boston Blower.

This property has a river front and wharf of 100 feet, with railroad track running into the yard.

There is an inexhaustible supply of gum and raw materials for miles in every direction tributary to this factory, and to be had at a nominal sum. The machinery is all practically new, and the owners will either sell everything outright on easy terms or will take stock in a company for the operation of this plant. This property is valuable in many respects and is capable of being converted into almost any kind of a manufactory. Freight rates to all commercial centres of the interior and coastwise cities very favorable to this point.

Apply in person or by mail to

THE MORNING STAR, Wilmington, N. C.

apr 15 tf

Our Competitors Squealed in their Advertisements of the past week.

Did you read them? They do not like our method. **WHY?**

Because it suits the majority of the shoppers of Wilmington. We are not selfish, and when we have a GOOD THING we share it with our customers and friends, and by their liberal support we are convinced that our efforts are appreciated.

A few of the Good Things this week:

Crown Pongee sold in New York retail stores at 18c; our price for this case is 12½c a yard. Beautiful assortment of patterns.

Extra Heavy White Pique for Skirts. 15, 20 and 25c.

Piques for Shirt Waists in all shades, 15c.

35c colored Mulhouse Organdy, beautiful patterns, 25c.

Fancy striped and plaid Ribbons for ties and belts, only 35c per yard.

Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Gowns, Lace and Hamburg Trimming, 50c to $3.00 each

W. B. Sumner Corset, all sizes, only 50c, 75c and $1.00; every pair warranted.

Reed Portiers, in ten different colorings to select from, $1.25 and $1.50 each; suitable for Summer house.

100 dozen Clover Leaf Towels, large sizes; special this week, 10c.

At 50c we show the most complete line of Gent's Neckwear in all styles.

Full stock of Gent's Negligee Shirts, 50c, 75c and $1.00 each.

Gent's Underwear in Balbriggan and fancy weave, 50c.

Our black and colored Kid Gloves will be sold at 99c a pair this month. Every pair warranted by the maker.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO., No. 9 North Front street,

my 7 tf Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

I HAVE BEEN IN THIS CITY FOR MORE THAN 10 YEARS SELLING BARGAINS,

And the best proof that I sell Dry Goods, Shoes, Clothing, Underwear, Men's and Ladies' Hats, Carpets and Matting CHEAPER than can be bought elsewhere is this:

I began business with a very small stock, and my trade has increased every year until now. I do not come second to any, but I lead the procession in a big stock, best assortment, lowest price and the largest crowd. I ask that you join the procession of happy customers who buy for cash and get Bargains every time.

Our Millinery.

This department is what interests the ladies. We are sending Hats by express all over the country. We have lots of mail orders, and we please all customers or refund the money.

We sell Trimmed Hats, all styles and prices, from 30c to $15.00.

We can please the humble and the fastidious.

We have on hand 2,000 bunches of Flowers, Violets, Foliage, Lilies and every other style.

Beautiful bunch of Violets from 3c to 75c

Roses from 5c to 98c.

Lilacs at 18c.

Corn Flowers at 22c.

Ribbon from 1c to $1.00; 3,000 rolls to select from.

Silk Veiling from 8c to 35c.

Hats every style, every shape, all grades.

One thousand Sailors from 5c to $1.50; all the new styles.

The new Rough Straw Sailors at 25c in black only, and 50c in white, black and blue.

All styles in Beauty Pins, Waist Sets, Stick Pins.

Silk Parasols in plain Silk from $1.25 up to $2.50; Children's from 25c to 98c.

We handle all the new things in Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Dress Linings.

The new Silk Linings at 15c.

Our house is full of Bargains we have no room to mention.

Come to Wilmington's Big Racket Store and do your trading, and get your card punched with every cash purchase, and get a valuable present free.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Proprietor,

my 7 tf OPPOSITE THE ORTON HOTEL.

NOW IS THE TIME TO Deposit in the **Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.**

Money deposited on or before May 1st will begin to bear interest from that date at

Rate of 4 Per Cent. Per Annum.

Call at the Bank for regulations.

apr 29 tf

Now is the Time to Buy a Camera.

We are sole dealers in Eastman Kodaks and Rochester Optical Company's Fine Cameras.

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS' SUPPLIES.

Call or send for Catalogue 1899.

C. W. YATES & CO.

apr 30 tf

The Murchison National Bank.

Capital $200,000.

Our Business Keeps on Growing,

But We are Prepared for All That Comes.

WILL SERVE YOU

Promptly, Accurately, Safely.

We buy and sell Foreign Exchange, and furnish Letters of Credit available all over the world.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

apr 29 tf

For any kind of GOOD SHOES Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.

The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties." Try them also.

Fresh supplies constantly arriving.

MERCER & EVANS.

apr 16 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE — SAL — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M.; Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:35 P. M., Sanford 5:06 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:19 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 6:30 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:33 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:54 P. M., Charlotte 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 409—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:58 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:20 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7:40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. B. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth, Va. ja 19 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

AND

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA ..... Saturday, May 6
GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Saturday, May 13

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Saturday, May 6
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, May 13

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, May 9
GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Tuesday, May 16

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. my 4 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52.	MAIN LINE.		North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv		9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar		12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv		12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv		1 43 p m
12 43 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv		3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar		4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv		4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv		5 12 p m
10 35 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv		5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv		6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar		7 35 p m
South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.		North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar		7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv		6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv		5 35 p m
10 30 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv		4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv		4 33 p m
No. 46			No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.		North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv		6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar		8 25 a m
3 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar		9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv		9 35 a m
11 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv		11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar		11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 28 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.

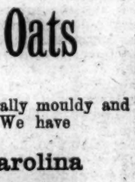
o 1 tf

PURE LARD.

7500 pounds Pure Lard.
4600 pounds Compound Lard.
9800 pounds D. S. Sides.
5100 pounds Plates.
3200 pounds Butts.
1000 pounds Bacon Shoulders.
225 bags Wheat Bran.
115 barrels Mullets.
28 barrels White Fish.
420 bales Hay.
115 bags Peanuts.

W. B. COOPER, Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

my 6 tf



CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect April 17, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.05 A. M.: No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 A. M., Warsaw 11.12 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M.: No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M

DAILY except Sunday 4.13 P. M.: No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 5.40 P. M., Newbern

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M.: No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.26 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M.: No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *2.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.53 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.45 A. M.: No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.00 P. M., Baltimore 2.35 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 3.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.00 A. M.: No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.35 A. M. Sunday 12.15 P. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M.: No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 3.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.06 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.39 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.38 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.00 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.05 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 5.35 P. M. Nashville 11.93 A. M.; 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.50 A. M. and 10.50 A. M

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.03 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M. Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M. Antarville 9.15 P. M. Cheraw 11.50 A. M., Wad

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 13.

ADMIRAL DEWEY IS COMING HOME.

To Sail Direct for New York—Expected to Arrive in Time for a Demonstration July Fourth.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—"Send Olympia's mail to B. F. Stevens, No. 4, Trafalga Square, London, England," was the notice given out at the Navy Department to-day. This is the first formal indication that the famous flagship is coming home immediately.

Upon inquiry it was ascertained that Secretary Long had last evening cabled Admiral Dewey permission to return to the United States at once. He has been relieved of the obligation of remaining at Manila until the Philippine commission completes its work. He is not even required to await the cessation of hostilities, but may start homeward at once. The notice posted at the Navy Department indicates that the Olympia will not remain long enough to receive the next outward-mail. The Mr. Stephens referred to is the Navy Department's agent at London, to distribute all of the mail for Unites States warships in European waters, so he will see to it that the Olympa receives her's as soon as she passes the Suez canal.

It is estimated at the Navy Department that Dewey will reach the United States in time for a national demonstration on the Fourth of July next. The Olympia will not come under full steam, but neverthe less, she should make the run to New York in about fifty-five days from Manila. That she is to come to New York is nearly certain.

Admiral Watson will sail from San Francisco next Tuesday as a passenger on one of the regular Pacific Mail steamships, but can not possibly reach Manila before the middle of June.

In order to provide for the direction of naval affairs in Asiatic waters between the date of Admiral Dewey's departure and the arrival of Rear Admiral Watson, orders have been issued placing Captain A. S. Barker in command of the Asiatic squadron after Admiral Dewey's departure, until he is relieved by Rear Admiral Watson. Captain Barker is now in command of the battleship Oregon—the pride of the navy—and next to Admiral Dewey is the senior officer on the station. Captain Barker is an officer of ability and discretion and may be depended on to take good care of the interests of the United States in all circumstances and conditions.

A FLYING MACHINE.

Test Made by the Inventor, Prof. Langley, of the Smithsonian Institution. It Was Not a Success.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Professor S. P. Langley, secretary of the Smithsonian institution, the inventor of the Aeriodome, who was given $25,000 by the Board of Ordnance, to experiment with his flying machine for war purposes, made his first test at Quantico, Va., yesterday. Professor Langley with the amount of money placed at his disposal built a new and larger machine than that with which he experimented two years ago.

The machine was launched from the top of a house-boat anchored in a broad sweep of the Potomac about three-fourths of a mile from the island owned by the Quantico Reed and Gun Club. The result was not so successful as were Prof. Langley's former experiments with the smaller machine. The machine soared aloft to a height of 500 feet, but descended after a horizontal flight of 800 feet. His former machine, which was propelled by a small steam engine, flew three-quarters of a mile and only descended when the steam exhausted. It was understood that Prof. Langley was to overcome the limited power capacity of the former machine by the use of a condensing engine, which could repeatedly utilize the condensed steam from the boiler.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Monday, May 12, 1899.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending May 12:

	1899.	1898.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	62,575	35,040
Total receipts to this date.....	7,984,608	8,258,751
Exports for week..	49,731	72,992
Total exports to date.....	6,495,198	6,697,847
Stock in all U. S. ports	743,164	576,408
Stock at all interior towns.....	392,325	250,695
Stock in Liverpool,	1,549,000	1,210,000
American afloat for Great Britain...	67,000	120,000

TORNADO AND HAIL.

Twenty-two Persons Killed and Over a Hundred Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOUSTON, TEXAS, May 12.—A special from Eagle Pass, Texas, says:

News received to-day from the Hondo coal mines places the dead resulting from a tornado last night at twenty-two and over a hundred wounded. The American killed was Lawrence McKinney.

A tremendous fall of hail accompanied the tornado. Many were injured by the hail stones. The mine works were not much damaged and work will be begun again in a few day.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Philadelphia, 11; New York, 0. Second game—Philadelphia, 7; New York, 4.

Boston, 7; Baltimore, 6.

Pittsburg, 1; Cincinnati, 5.

Brooklyn, 3; Washington, 0.

Cleveland, 4; St. Louis, 5.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

REUNION CLOSED ITS SESSIONS.

Louisville Selected As the Next Place of Meeting of Confederate Veterans.

OLD OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

Resolution Adopted Concerning Federal Care of Confederate Graves—Report on History Adopted—Meeting of Sons of Veterans.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 12.—With a spirited and at times stormy session, the ninth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans was to-day brought to a close. Gen. Jno. B. Gordon, commander-in-chief, and all the old officers were re-elected; Louisville, Ky., was chosen as the next place of meeting, and the question of Federal care of Confederate graves was disposed of by the adoption of a substitute resolution, which declines the President's suggestion, except as to those graves located in the North, and reserving to the women of the South the duty of caring for those in the seceding States and Maryland. The adoption of this resolution and the report that accompanied it precipitated a debate which verged upon the sensational, and at times much confusion and disorder prevailed. The resolution adopted in place of the one offered by Gen. S. D. Lee is in full as follows:

"Your committee, to whom was referred the resolution introduced by General S. D. Lee, beg to report the following substitute with the recommendations of the committee, that the same be adopted.

"The United Confederate Veterans, in their annual re-union assembled, desire to place upon record their sincere appreciation of the utterances of the President of the United States in Atlanta in December last, concerning the assumption of the care of the graves of our Confederate dead by the National Government.

"We appreciate every kindly sentiment expressed, and we shall welcome any legislation which shall result in the care of the graves of our comrades in the Northern States by our government.

"In regard to our dead whose remains are resting in the States which were represented in the Confederacy, and Maryland, the care of their final resting places is a sacred trust, dear to the hearts of Southern women, and we believe that we can safely let it there remain."

Vigorous Opposition.

Several very vigorous speeches were made in opposition to the whole principle involved in the matter, but the final vote upon the resolution was practically unanimous and the announcement of its passage was cheered. Another incident was the mention of the Southern lynching question by Dr. J. L. M. Curry, one of the surviving members of the Confederate Congress, who while denouncing mob law defended the South and declared her people should see to it that the record of her future should be as unstained as that of her past.

The all-important report of the committee on a school history was also presented and adopted unanimously as meeting all questions that had led to the agitation of the subject.

To-night at the auditorium a grand reception to the veterans was held and an address delivered by Colonel Henry L. Turner, of Chicago, commanding the First Illinois regiment, who has been the guest of the city during the reunion. A brilliant ball was given at the Isle of Palms to the sponsors, maids of honor and Daughters of the Confederacy. The veterans and visitors are rapidly departing, and the ninth reunion of the men who wore the gray is practically at an end.

Convention Proceedings.

The convention was opened at 10.30 o'clock with the singing of the Doxology which was followed by prayer by the Rev. Dr. S. P. H. Elwell, of South Carolina.

General Gordon introduced General M. L. Bonham, of the South Carolina Sons of Veterans, who delivered an address. He was followed by Mr. Kirk, commander of the trans-Mississippi department. His remarks were of the nature of a eulogy of the Confederate soldier. General Gordon then presented Robert E. Lee, Jr., who was cheered to the echo by the assembly.

General S. D. Lee presented the report of the committee on history, which was unanimously adopted. This was one of the most important matters before the convention, and the reading of the report was listened to with close attention. The report alluded to the war with Spain as a factor in obliterating the shadows of the war between the States, and refers to the prompt response of the Southern States to the call for troops as showing the whole country the depth and fervor of

Southern Patriotism.

Continuing, the report says: "President McKinley displayed the spirit of the American soldier when he chose from his former foes the gallant Wheeler, the steadfast Fitzhugh Lee, chivalrous Butler, and many others of our own brave comrades, to marshal the hosts of the Union. We are glad that General Wheeler had another opportunity to exhibit the fighting qualities of the Confederate soldier, and that Lieutenants Hobson, Victor Blue, and Worth Bagley, in the navy, showed the country of what stuff our young men are made. Once more the blood of the North and South has been poured out together—no longer beneath contending standards in the bitterness of war between the States, but now beneath one flag, to the glory of one country. These dead, at least, belong to us all. The last hateful memory that could divide our country is buried with them. About their graves kneels a new nation, loving all her children everywhere the same."

Confederate Graves.

Alluding to the question of Confederate graves, the report says: "The recent generous words of President McKinley, commending the Confederate dead to the nation's care, are the expression of a sentiment, growing everywhere, that the deeds of the Confederate soldier are the glory of the whole country, and that his memory is worthy to be cherished wherever self sacrifice commands sympathy or brave actions strike a responsive chord in noble hearts."

Coming down to the question for which it was appointed the committee says that its duty is now little more than to keep watch upon the histories of the day, and to stimulate historical research and publication and regards the prospect for fairness and candor in history as much improved by the Spanish war. The committee also alludes to

The Race Question

and expresses the opinion that the "race problem is not apt in the future to be so blinding to a true apprehension of Southern history," and says: "The recent movement to put the supremacy of the more educated and capable race upon a constitutional and legal basis, thus banishing the spectre of misrule from our borders, is steadily gaining progress." Continuing the report says: "The reception given our benevolent intentions in the Philippines is certainly of a character likely to inspire a wholesome respect for the matter of governing people of another blood who have started late in the race of civilization. We are not likely in the future to hear so much about the rights of men, who have not yet learned to govern themselves, to govern others by their votes. The doctrine of the declaration of independence that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, had something of a shock in the war between the States, and the island subjects of the United States will find little comfort in reading the celebrated instrument by the light of subsequent history. The difficulties of the race problem abroad ought to bring a charitable judgment of the same thing here at home, and we may reasonably expect our Northern brethren to meet us hereafter rather in a spirit of inquiry than of rebuke.

The committee recommends that an effort be made to banish from the schools any books which teach false lessons, either of fact or sentiment, and to this end suggests the appointment of a committee of three members in each State, whose duty it shall be to examine school histories there in use.

In discussing the report, Dr. J. L. M. Curry, of Virginia, discussed the right of secession and defended the course of the South as constitutional, and then denounced mob rule and lynchings in unmeasured terms.

Gen. S. D. Lee's Resolution.

An effort was then made to proceed with the election of officers, but it gave way to the Committee on Resolutions and the exciting feature of the session began. The substitute for Gen. Lee's resolution was presented by Gen. Carwile, and when it had been read Rev. S. T. Martin, of Virginia, got the floor, and although the convention was in an uproar he secured recognition.

Mr. Martin said he regretted he could not vote for the resolution. His first objection was that it had no business before the convention. "We have," he said, "taken hold of an incidental remark of Mr. McKinley's looking to his coming election. [Applause.] There is no proposition from the President of the United States or from the Congress of the United States that they are going to do anything for our Confederate States and recognize the principles for which we fought. There has been nothing said by the United States government that looks to the care of the graves of our soldiers in the Northern States. It puts us in the light of going before that government and asking for something from those who slew our men." [Here the speaker was interrupted by cheers and applause from some of the members and cries of "a men."] Continuing, Mr. Martin said that the South had no desire to commit the care of its graves to strangers. Could the voices of the dead be heard they would prefer to lie in an unmarked grave rather than the most costly mausoleum, if we had to ask for it. Proceeding, he began a discussion of the right of self-government and started to quote President McKinley, when he was called to order with cries of "no politics." The confusion was terrific and his remarks were unintelligible at times.

Mr. Busbee's Remarks.

F. H. Busbee, of North Carolina, defended the committee's report, saying that the United States was now our government. They could not afford to be discourteous and unappreciative. He mentioned the graves of the Confederates at Elmira, N. Y., and other points in the North. How were Southern women to take care of those graves there. What had his comrade, who preceded him, done to care for these graves? The United States' care of these graves was something, as people of a common country, they were entitled to. Though he was an ex-Confederate, he was a citizen of the United States and he was loyal to her flag.

General S. D. Lee spoke vigorously and plainly. He thought the resolution had been misunderstood, and said "it simply commended the sentiment expressed by the President, and did not go one inch further. When the President comes forward and says what he does, I commend the sentiment." He wanted the resolution recommitted; there was nothing in the matter that required a substitute.

Several other speeches were made amid a general tumult, and calls for a vote, which was finally had. There was a storm of ayes and but few nays, and the resolution was declared adopted.

Other Resolutions.

Among other resolutions reported and adopted was one urging the association to assist in marking the battle fields of the civil war with monuments to the Confederate dead; another appointing a committee of three to consider the question of uniformity of pension legislation by the Southern States; and a resolution recognizing the Confederate Veterans' Association of the District of Columbia and according it all due rights and privileges. An adverse report was made upon the proposition to change the name of the organization to the Confederate Survivors' Association, the object being to use the initials C. S. A. An unfavorable report was also made upon a resolution looking to a change in the nomenclature of the association, in order to prevent the creation of too many generals and other high titles carried by various officers. A resolution of thanks for the presence of the cruiser Raleigh was adopted; another looking to the selection of a suitable gray cloth for uniforms; thanking those citizens of Columbus, O., who have cared for the graves of Confederate dead there, and extending cordial thanks to Lieutenant Colonel Henderson, of the British Staff College, for his contributions to the history of the Confederacy in his "Life of Stonewall Jackson."

Election of Commanders.

General Gordon, of Tennessee, moved that the convention go into election of its commanders. He nominated the following for re-election:

Commander-in-chief—J. B. Gordon.

Commander Department of Army of Northern Virginia—Wade. Hampton.

Commander Department of Tennessee—Stephen D. Lee.

The rules were suspended and Gen. Gordon, of Tennessee, conducted the election, each of the nominees being unanimously elected.

The Battle Abbey.

At this juncture, General Clement A. Evans presented the report of the board of trustees on the "Battle Abbey." It dealt fully with the progress of the work, bearing the usual report, in which it appears that satisfactory arrangements are being made for the location of the building. Only $46,000 of the $300,000 is still lacking to be raised during the coming year.

General John C. Underwood was presented as the man who had done so much in Chicago for the care of Confederate graves and for the Battle Abbey. General Underwood presented to the convention six portraits of Confederate generals, mentioning his efforts in aiding the Battle Abbey.

The convention then proceeded to the selection of a city for the reunion in 1900, Louisville, Ky., and Norfolk, Va., seemed to be the only active candidates. It was soon evident that the Kentucky city was in the lead and the selection was made unanimous.

A resolution of thanks to the city of Charleston was passed and at 2:15 the convention adjourned *sine die*.

Sons of Veterans.

The United Sons of Confederate Veterans to-day elected officers and adjourned the reunion of 1899.

Walter T. Colquitt, of Atlanta, Ga., son of ex-Governor Colquitt, was chosen commander-in-chief; M. L. Bonham, of South Carolina, commander of the Division of Northern Virginia; W. B. Bankhead, of Alabama, commander of the Division of Tennessee, and H. B. Kirk, of Texas, commander of the Trans-Mississippi Division. The election was a spirited one, and considerable feeling was manifested in the nominating speeches. Mr. Colquitt's only opponent was Robert E. Lee, Jr., of Washington, D. C., who was solidly opposed by the Virginia delegation, while his nomination was made by a Charleston delegate and supported by the solid South Carolina contingent. Mr. Smyth, the present commander, was nominated by Delegate Mann, of Virginia, and developed a strong backing, but he positively declined to again allow his name to go before the convention. This left the contest between Lee and Colquitt. The vote stood 144 to 119, and, on motion, Mr. Colquett's election was made unanimous. The opposition to Lee was based on the fact that he was not a member of the association until yesterday, when he was admitted to Camp Moultrie, of this city.

The session was a stormy one, and personal feeling ran high, and once when the vote of a State was announced as solidly for Lee, a hiss was heard, followed by protests and cries of "shame, shame."

Prior to the election the sons held memorial exercises for Miss Winnie Davis. Eloquent eulogies were pronounced by C. L. Cobb, of North Carolina; W. F. Jones, of Georgia; H. B. Kirk, of Texas; M. L. Bonham, of South Carolina; B. H. Mills, of Alabama; J. J. Stockton, of Florida; James Mann, of Virginia, and George B. Meyers, of Mississippi.

The next reunion will be held at Louisville. A committee was appointed to consider the matter of erecting a monument to the women of the Confederacy and report to the next convention.

Reception at the Auditorium.

To-night at the auditorium a reception to the veterans was held, the feature of which was an address by Colonel H. L. Turner of Chicago. Colonel Turner has been a guest of the city of Charleston during the reunion and his address was an eloquent allusion to the re-united country. He was frequently applauded and the sentiments he uttered evoked much enthusiasm. Captain Coghlan, of the Raleigh, was among the distinguished guests who occupied seats on the stage and on being introduced made a graceful little address. He sketched the battle of Manila bay and paid a glowing tribute to Dewey, saying that where he led men must follow.

INTER-STATE COMMERCE.

The Commission in Conference With Railway Officials On the Rate Situation in the South.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—A conference of railway officials with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, began here to-day, the subject this time being the rate situation in the South. About twenty-five roads were represented, covering the territory south of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi, among the principal roads being the Southern, the Louisville & Nashville, Atlantic Coast Line, Illinois Central, Seaboard Air Line, and the Plant system. The published rates in the South are stated here to be better maintained than in most sections, but there have been complaints of discriminations in some cases in favor of the larger cities and towns, a discrimination practiced, it is alleged, by many of the roads, as indicated by the published tariffs.

The testimony of the officers to-day was quite satisfactory to the Interstate Commissioners, who announced their conviction that the rates in the South were maintained better than anywhere else in the country except New England. There was, however, complaint of secret rate practices on domestic traffic in certain quarters. With this exception, there was gratification at the showing made. The instance of rate cutting cited, in the absence of direct proof or a specific naming of the road, is not regarded as an unusually disturbing factor, though some cognizance likely will be taken of it. The practices of the various roads in their export traffic were threshed over. The principal export business of these roads is in cotton and the rates covering it fluctuate from day to day. The roads are not complying with the commission's requirement to file ten days' advance notice of all tariff changes, both because of the constant changes and because they claim the requirement lacks legal justification; but they are understood to stand together on the changes and file notices with the commission as the changes are made.

The chief executives of the more important lines were questioned each minutely about their competitors and whether or not they suspected any rate irregularities. Throughout the session, which lasted until late this afternoon, the only important development was the complaint of non-conformity with published tariffs on the part of a road, which, though not named, was so pointedly described as to call for a disclaimer from its president. The latter said if the statements made were intended for his road they could be easily explained and his explanation was accepted as sufficient. He pledged himself that the published tariff should be rigidly adhered to. All the other lines represented made similar pledges, and the situation and the moral effect of the conference was understood to be eminently satisfactory, the export rate feature being the only discouraging factor.

AT PORT TAMPA.

Preparations Being Made for Celebration of Queen Victoria's Birthday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PORT TAMPA, FLA., May 12.—Important preparations are being made here for celebrating the Queen's birthday, May 24th. Stands are being erected, 2,000 feet apart, for prominent speakers from various States, who will address the assembly.

Her Britannic Majesty's warships, Intrepid and Pearl, will arrive here on May 20th to participate in the celebration ceremonies.

WHEN NATURE

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

FRESH TROOPS TO THE FRONT.

Some of the Volunteers Played Out and Are Petitioning for Relief.

FROM DUTY AT THE FRONT.

The Situation in the Philippines—Soldiers Exhausted by the Campaign Against Aguinaldo's Forces—Many Are in Hospitals.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, May 8, via Hong Kong May 12.—The First regiment Nebraska volunteer infantry is taking the usual step of respectfully petitioning the division commander, Major General MacArthur, to temporarily relieve them from duty at the front. The regiment is badly exhausted by the campaign in which it has taken an active part, and not many more than 300 men of the organization are at present fit for duty. On Sunday last over 160 men of this regiment responded to sick call.

The men, in view of the facts, have prepared a respectful memorial to General MacArthur asking that their regiment be withdrawn for a short time from the fighting line, in order that they may recuperate. The memorial states that the men are willing to fight, but are in no condition to do so, owing to the strain of long marching, continual fighting and outpost duty in which they have been engaged. It is added that many of the men have been unable to have their clothing washed for months past, having been compelled during all that time to sleep in their uniforms, to be in readiness for fighting. The memorial adds that since February 23d, the regiment has lost 225 men in killed and wounded and 59 since the battle of Malolos. The officers of the regiment propose to present a similar memorial on behalf of the men. The splendid record of the First Nebraska in the entire campaign, and the tone of the memorial prepared by the men, are such that no imputation of insubordination can be brought against them. Officers of the regiment said to the correspondent of the Associated Press here to-day that they thought the men had been worked beyond endurance, should be given a rest, and some of the regular regiments which are now guarding the city sent to the front.

Five volunteer regiments and the Utah battery of artillery are at San Fernando. They muster in all about 2,500 men. Many of the soldiers are in hospitals, suffering from the heat or other causes. The wounded were all suffering acutely and showed the effects of exposure to sun when they arrived. Three days rest has already worked wonders.

Since the army entered Malolos the soldiers have had little water to drink, except that which was brought on railroad trains from Manila, and that was of poor quality. The artesian wells at San Fernando are doing much toward making the men contented.

Fresh Troops to the Front.

Fresh troops are beginning to go to the front. Two battalions of the Seventeenth infantry (regulars) that had been holding the lines about the city of Manila, will join Major General MacArthur's division at San Fernando to-morrow, and one battalion of the same regiment will reinforce Major General Lawton's division near Baoolor. These troops will be replaced here by the Twenty-first infantry regiment, which arrived from the United States on board the transport Hancock yesterday. Captain Grant, of the Utah battery, whose success in managing the army gunboats Laguna de Bay and Vadonga has won for him the sobriquet "the Dewey of the army," has been put in command of the recently purchased Spanish gunboats whose arms the insurgents captured. These vessels are now being prepared for operation on the rivers and along the coast. The refitting and arming of the gunboats is being pushed with all diligence.

The Filipino Congress.

LONDON, May 12.—A special dispatch received here to-day from Manila says that the Filipino Congress now sitting at San Isidro is composed of fifty-six members, of whom twenty favor peace and an equal number are irreconcilables. The others, holding the balance of power, are ready to admit that absolute independence is hopeless of attainment, but demand better terms at the hands of the United States than those offered.

SERIOUS RAILWAY WRECK.

Collision of Trains Near Reading, Pennsylvania—A Number of Persons Killed and Many Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

READING, PA., May 12.—Shortly before 10 o'clock to night a collision of passenger trains occurred on the Philadelphia & Reading, at Exeter station, six miles below Reading. A number of persons are reported to have been killed.

At mid-night the railroad officials here had received no information as to the number of killed and injured, or any list of the names.

Shortly before mid-night a train bearing nurses and doctors was sent to the scene of the wreck. Exeter is a flag station and has no telephone communication. It is stated that the passengers on the second train were mostly from Norristown, and several from that borough were killed and many injured.

The number of dead is fully twenty-five and the injured fifty. The first train ploughed through three cars of the forward train, completely wrecking them. Eight dead were brought here at 1 A. M. A score are under the debris. A train load of wounded were brought to the hospitals here. The railroad officials offer no explanation of the accident. Returning passengers at 1.30 A. M. say the scenes around the wreck are of the most fearful description.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—The Pottsville Express, which was run into at Exeter, arrived here after midnight with four of the injured.

The passengers could give no connected story of the wreck, and the number of dead and injured was not known to any of them. It was generally believed that six passengers were killed.

ANOTHER RAILROAD WRECK.

Collision On the New York Central This Morning—Seven Coaches Filled With Passengers Burning.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

UTICA, N. Y., May 13.—The fast mail on the New York Central was in collision here this morning, and seven passenger cars filled with passengers are burning.

EX-GOV. ROSWELL P. FLOWER

Died After a Brief Illness of Heart Failure Yesterday at Eastport, Long Island.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Former Governor Roswell P. Flower died to-night at 10.30, at Eastport, Long Island. Mr. Flower was taken ill early in the day with a severe attack of acute indigestion. In the afternoon symptoms of heart failure supervened and he grew steadily worse until the time of his death.

Mr. Flower had been a sufferer from gastritis for a long time, with every now and then an acute attack. For a month or two past he had been a regular visitor at the Eastport County Club, in the hope that he would find some relief in the outing. He appeared in the best health, and this morning when he arrived at Eastport, where he intended to remain until Monday, his health was apparently excellent. The attack from which he suffered to-day came on suddenly and was of a more severe type at the outset than any he had previously suffered from.

Frederick S. Flower, the deceased's nephew, took charge of the remains after death, but no arrangement for the funeral has yet been made. The body will probably be transferred to Manhattan to-morrow morning.

TO MANAGE FINANCES.

Treasurers Appointed by the War Department for the Islands of Cuba and Porto Rico.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Orders issued by the War Department to-day announce the appointment of Major Eugene F. Ladd, quartermaster, U. S. V. (Captain Ninth U. S. cavalry) as treasurer of the island of Cuba and the appointment of Captain James A. Buchanan, Eleventh U.S. infantry, as treasurer of Porto Rico. Captain Buchanan will act as treasurer in addition to his duties as collector of customs at San Juan de Porto Rico.

These offices are created by an executive order of May 8th, which has not been promulgated. The order creates a system for the management of the finances of the island, providing for treasurers, auditors and other necessary officers for keeping the accounts of the receipts and expenditures of the islands.

REV. DR. BRIGGS.

Will be Ordained by the Bishop of New York on the 14th of May.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Bishop Potter gave out the following notice to-day:

The Rev. Dr. Briggs, and the Rev. Charles H. Snedeker will be ordained on the day officially appointed by the Bishop of New York, May 14th, at the pro-cathedral, Staunton street, N. Y., at 10:40 A. M. The Rev. George William Douglas will preach the ordination sermon. The Rev. Dr. C. B. Smith will present Dr. Briggs and the Rev. Dr. George Francis Nelson will present Mr. Snedeker.

Bishop Potter chose the pro-Cathedral as the place for the ordination because Dr. Briggs had asked to be assigned to work there and will work there in future.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Further Advances in Bleached Cottons. Sheetings and Drills Firm.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Further advances are reported in bleached cottons, including Fruit of the Loom, put up to 6¼c net. No change yet in Lonsdales. Yard-wide 64-squares are stiffening in value, and bleached cottons generally are quite strong. Brown sheetings and drills are very firm. Print cloths and other grey goods quiet, but firm. Prints strong, demand moderate. Ginghams unchanged. White goods and quilts firm. Woollen and worsted dress goods quiet. Men's wear serges and clay worsted firm. Silks firm. Burlaps quiet and steady. Linens also quiet at unchanged prices.

SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI.

Applications for Revival in North Carolina and Other States.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The Society of the Cincinnati continued its triennial sessions here to-day with a business meeting.

Applications were considered for the revival of the Society in three States where the charters have lapsed, namely, New Hampshire, Delaware and North Carolina. It was said that arrangements were made for the provisional revival of the Society in these three States.

The claimants were: For New Hampshire, Rt. Rev. John Hazen White, Bishop of Indiana; for Delaware, Rt. Rev. Leighton Coleman, Bishop of Delaware; for North Carolina, Maj. Charles L. Davis, United States Army.

GEORGIA FARMER MURDERED.

Posse in Pursuit of the Murderer—Will be Lynched If Caught.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., May 12.—Robert F. Davis, a white farmer, living on the Stone Mountain road, about six miles from this city, was murdered in his home early this morning. The crime is believed to have been committed by Will Lucas, a negro, who was discharged yesterday by Mr. Davis. Lucas is missing and a posse of men with bloodhounds is on his trail. The farmers of that part of the country are greatly excited and if Lucas is caught he will be lynched.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Franklin Land and Lumber Company was chartered at Norfolk, Va. All of the incorporators are from Columbus, Ohio. The company will deal in land and timber.

The House of the Texas Legislature, by a vote of 101 to 3, finally passed the anti-trust bill as it came from the Senate Tuesday. The bill as passed is decidedly more drastic than the Arkansas law.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week ending May 12th were $1,984,155,183; per cent. increase, 13.7. Exclusive of New York, $620,343,773; per cent. increase, 13.9.

At Severn, N. C., yesterday, Rev. J. W. Hoggard, for forty years pastor of Paiecusi and Meherren Baptist churches, died, aged 80 years. He was a man of great learning and was beloved by all.

NERVOUSNESS IN WOMEN.

Everyone Who Has Used Paine's Celery Compound Praises It.

Every nervous person drags down the health of the other members of the family—nervousness is contagious.

This season of the year finds women tired beyond belief.

Their nerves have suffered. They are neither good company for themselves nor for their friends.

Those who are wise are taking the most responsible of all spring remedies, are getting back their nervous vigor, their proper weight, and healthy color. Following the advice of eminent physicians everywhere, they are taking Paine's celery compound.

"We are never without Paine's celery compound in our home," says Mrs. Robert Osborn, who figures more prominently, perhaps, than any other woman in the social world of New York City to-day. "We believe it to be the most wonderful nerve invigorator obtainable. I especially recommend it to society women, fatigued by the many demands of the social season just closed, and to tired and nervous professional men and women who have yet many weeks of labor before their vacations. I am convinced that Paine's celery compound is by far the best spring remedy a hard-working person can take."

Mrs. Osborn has always been distinguished in society for the beauty of her costumes. No one knows the opinions and habits of women of ample means and opportunities better than she. She says that her friends who always insist on having the best, will have nothing to do with any remedy but Paine's celery compound. And this is not surprising when one stops to consider the thousands of letters that are constantly being received by the proprietors of this great remedy, and by newspapers and medical journals, as well as from men and women in every walk of life, all telling one experience: the immediate relief and perfect cure effected by it.

The best physicians openly indorse and recommend Paine's celery compound, authorizing the public use of their statements that Paine's celery compound, in case after case, cures rheumatism and kindred diseases, purifies the blood, regulates the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys, and rejuvenates the fagged-out or diseased nervous system when everything else fails.

BETWEEN ONE THING AND ANOTHER

We always manage to turn out the best fitting Clothing in the city. Our line of imported and Domestic Suitings are superb. They catch the eye of every one.

Come in and let us show you our line. It will cost you nothing to look and little to buy.

Our lines of Collars, Cuffs, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, etc., etc., will interest.

Neckwear of every description.

M. H. CURRAN,

my 7 tf 107 Princess street.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

Notice to Contractors—Bids are invited for three-story Brick Building, next to and adjoining Orton Hotel. Plans and specifications may be seen at my store. J. Hicks Bunting, wholesale and retail Druggist, Y. M. C. A. building, Wilmington, N. C. my 12 tf

A Dental Chair (iron) for sale. Price $35 00. Cost when new $110.00. Address, W. J. Stewart, Box 155, Bennettsville, S. C. my 12 3t

Wanted Two good Carpenters. Cape Fear Lumber Co. my 9 tf

Virginia Meal—Rib Meat, Flour, Corn, Sugar, Rice and Molasses are selling well now. I carry a fresh stock; the price is right. Why not order your groceries from me when shipping me your Naval Stores, Cotton, Tar, Eggs, etc.? T. D. Love, 24 North Water. my 9 tf

Agents Wanted—For "The Life and Achievements of Admiral Dewey," the world's greatest naval hero. By Murat Halstead, the life-long friend and admirer of the nation's idol. Biggest and best book; over 500 pages, 8x10 inches; nearly 100 pages halftone illustrations; map in colors. Only $1.50. Enormous demand. Big commissions. Outfit free. Chance of a lifetime. Write quick. The Dominion Company, Caxton Bldg., Chicago. apr 18 1m

For Best Prices ship your Lambs, Beef Cattle and all kinds of produce to M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. ap 16 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

For Sale—Horse, Buggy and Harness. Apply to Jno. S McEachern's Feed store, 211 Market street. mar 19 tf

Music for receptions, balls, sociables and other entertainments furnished by John Francisco's String Band (colored). John Francisco, Italian Harpist, leader. Residence No. 304 Walnut street, Wilmington, N. C. mar 18 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite New Court House. no 26 tf

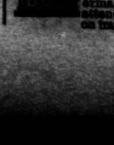
For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 56 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. 16 26 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 13 tf

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbages, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. S. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 8 Dock street, Wilmington N. C. oc 30 tf

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.



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Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on Improved ma 16 tf

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DISTRIBUTORS.

We came. You saw. We conquered.

We thank our numerous friends for the confidence shown, in taking hold of the best Cigar ever given to the public. The goods sell for 2 for 25 cents elsewhere, and we believe you subserve your interest when you handle them.

"Santa Bana" Cigars,

The finest made for the money.

"SANTA BANA" CIGARS,

Hand made from choicest stock.

"SANTA BANA" CIGARS,

Money returned if not as stated.

The best 5c Cigar in the world.

Smokers, try them!
Smokers, try them!
Smokers, try them!

my 7 tf

WILMINGTON RUBBER TIRE CO.

(LICENSEES)

THE RUBBER TIRE WHEEL CO.,

Cor. 2nd & Princess Streets.

THE BEST RUBBER TIRE MADE—GUARANTEED.

Plant now complete. Specimens of our work on exhibition.

Saves your vehicle and gives you pleasure. Please give us a call

Office 108-110 North Second St. apr 25 1m

OFFERING

150 Bags Coffee,
200 Barrels Sugar,
400 Barrels Molasses,
400 Boxes Crackers,
600 Cases Canned Goods,
800 Bales Hay,
1,400 Barrels Flour,
1,500 Kegs Nails,
5,000 Pounds Lard,
50,000 Pounds D. S. Sides

And Spirits Casks, Glue, Hoop Iron and quantities of other Groceries at the very lowest figures. Get my prices.

D. L. GORE,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

my 7 tf Wilmington, N.C.